

2011 in figures

For further information including all available policies and other relevant documents, see

Business overview

Market presence Crude steel production (tonnes)

Coal production (tonnes)

91,891k

8.3m

2011	91,891
2010	90,582
2009	71,620

,891	2011	8.3
582	2010	7.0
	2009	7.1

Number of employees

ArcelorMittal shipped its products

to customers in 174 countries

Steel shipped (tonnes) 85.8m

Iron ore production (tonnes) 54.1m

260,523	2011	
262,832	2010	
270,568	2009	69.6

85.8	2011	54.
85.0	2010	48.9
	2009	37.7

Financial and corporate responsibility highlights

Sales

973m	\$2,263m

Net income

Investment in R8	d
\$306m)

93,973	2011	2,263
78,025	2010	2
61,021	2009	

	2,263	2011	
	2,916	2010	
)	157	2009	253

Lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR)

LTIFR is the number of injuries which have resulted in contractor being awa least one day after th occurred, per million

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ay from work at	certified to the
he day the injury	for environmen
hours worked.	systems, ISO 14

	2011	989
	2010	95%
7	2009	93%

Health and safety management system Environmental management system certification certification

steel operations Percentage of steel and mining operations certified to the international ntal management standard for occupational health and safety, OHSAS 18001.

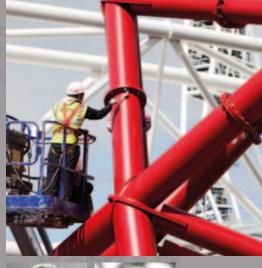
98%	2011		89%
95%	2010	63%	
93%	2009	45%	

%	2011		89%
	2010	63%	
	2009	45%	

Building a steel structure to celebrate the London 2012 Olympic and Paralympic Games is a great opportunity for Arcelor Mittal to showcase the unique qualities of steel and its critical role in the world's infrastructure.

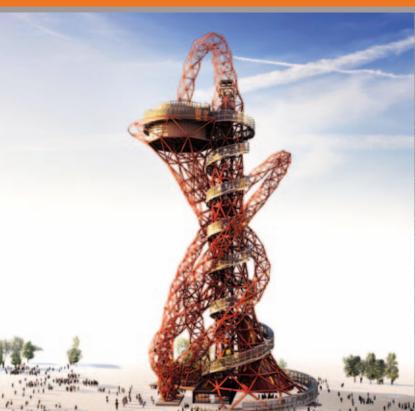
We are building an Olympic legacy

Orbit story









incredible opportunity or the Olympic Games and something that will play a lasting role in the legacy of the Games."







Memberships and guidelines

Memberships and guidelines

To develop and inform our internal We have been a member of the The World Business Council for For more information see www.globalreporting.org

To assist readers in the navigation of this report and other Arcelor Mittal publications, we have included a full table of the GRI G3.1 indicators which we currently report on. This can be found at www.arcelormittal.com/corp/ corporate-responsibility



reporting systems and disclosure we Extractive Industries Transparency Sustainable Development (WBCSD) World Steel Association where the use the Global Reporting Initiative Initiative (EITI) since January 2009. provides a platform for companies industry is committed to a vision (GRI) G3.1 sustainability reporting The EITI sets out voluntary standards to explore sustainable development, where steel is valued as a major quidelines as a reference. This report for companies in the extractives share knowledge, experiences and foundation of a sustainable world. qualifies for GRI level B+ application. sector, governing how they report best practices, and to advocate We contribute to the industry-level their payments to governments and business positions in these areas. sustainability report, which can be governmental entities. For more There is more information on this found at www.worldsteel.org information see www.eiti.org and ArcelorMittal's involvement



at www.wbcsd.org



We are a leading member of the



As a signatory to the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC), we commit to align our operations and strategies with ten universally accepted principles. How we report against these principles can be found online and throughout this report. More details of the initiative can be found at

www.unglobalcompact.org



We are an active member of CSR Europe – a business network with a mission to act as the European platform for companies and their stakeholders to exchange and cooperate to make themselves and Europe global leaders in sustainable competitiveness and societal wellbeing. For more information, see www.csreurope.org

This Corporate Responsibility Report contains forward-looking statements that represent the expectations, beliefs, plans and objectives of ArcelorMittal's management regarding its financial and operational performance in 2011 and beyond, and assumptions or judgements based on such performance. Future looking and accordingly involve estimates, assumptions, judgements and uncertainties. A number of factors may cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from the expectations of our management. a mill which is accredited with the These risk factors are outlined in Arcelor Mittal's ISO 14001 and EMAS environmental Annual Report on Form 20-F filed each fiscal year with the US Securities and Exchange Commission and available at www.arcelormittal.com in 'Investors and Shareholders – Financial Reports –

Designed and produced by Salterbaxter Photography by wide.lu, Richard Blake, Tim Fox, Conferdo, Stephen Hird and

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Introduction

ArcelorMittal is the world's leading steel and mining company. Our ambition is also to be the safest, as well as one of the most responsible and sustainable. In this report we share our progress against this goal.

Our approach to corporate responsibility reporting

Report content

Our approach to corporate responsibility is to drive sustainable change that supports strong financial performance, economic and social development, while managing our environmental impact. This approach is informed through regular engagement with our stakeholders. This report provides a review of our activities in 2011 and details our future commitments, goals and priorities.

Reporting principles

We adhere to the AA1000 AccountAbility Principles Standard (AA1000 APS 2008) which is a principles-based framework for managing and reporting sustainability performance. This standard defines three principles that an organisation should adopt as a framework for sustainability management and reporting. These three principles are inclusivity,

materiality and responsiveness. We outline further our application of each of these principles below.

Inclusivity – identifying and engaging with stakeholders to gain a full understanding of issues.

We consider our stakeholders to be those who have a direct interest in our business and those who have an interest in how we manage our business because of the wider impact of our actions. For more information on our stakeholder engagement see pages 14-17.

Materiality – determining what issues are important to ArcelorMittal and our stakeholders.

Our process allows us to track and manage current and emerging issues. We determine the relevance and significance of each issue to Arcelor Mittal and our stakeholders, prioritise them and report on the most significant ones. We continually monitor the changing environment in which

we operate to ensure stakeholder concerns are captured and managed on an on-going basis.

Responsiveness – responding to material issues and being transparent about our performance.

We aim to respond to important issues in a considered way. Our response to matters such as the safety of our employees is well established and embedded into our business practices. How we deal with some new and emerging issues evolves over time.

GRI and UNGC

This report meets application level B+ of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) G3.1 quidelines, including the Mining and Metals sector supplement. An index containing the GRI indicators we report on can be found at www.arcelormittal.com

This report also provides our communication on progress of ArcelorMittal's implementation of the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) principles in 2011. Our 2010 corporate responsibility report achieved 'advanced level' reporting status by the UNGC.

Independent assurance

Deloitte LLP has independently assured Arcelor Mittal's reported application of GRI G3.1 guidelines, AA1000 APS principles and the indicator CO, emissions per tonne of steel in 2011. See the independent assurance statement on page 40.

Scope of the 2011 report

This report covers ArcelorMittal and its significant operating subsidiaries, excluding joint ventures where we have a minority shareholding. Profiles of the subsidiaries can be found in the ArcelorMittal 2011 annual report on Form 20-F filing. All financial figures refer to United States Dollars. The information refers to calendar year 2011. Arcelor Mittal's reporting cycle is annual and the last Corporate Responsibility Report was published in May 2011.

In early 2011, the stainless steel operations of ArcelorMittal were spun off into a separate company with the name Aperam. Data for Aperam is not included in the 2011 figures. Environmental data omits information for our mining operations, unless otherwise stated. For more information on the scope of the data, please see page 39.

Message from the Chairman and CEO

Leadership to me means firm attention to health and safety, and strong corporate responsibility principles supporting operational and financial excellence.

Today, we are already recognised as the leading steel and mining company in the world. But we are still on the journey to make our company a global leader in health and safety and become the most sustainable steel and mining company in its widest definition.

Health and safety is of the utmost importance in steelmaking and mining. Our continued investment and relentless commitment to health and safety have resulted in progressive improvement. In 2011, our safety performance strengthened for the fourth consecutive year and we held a global health week at all of our sites. Based on figures both for our own personnel and our contractors, our lost time injury frequency rate fell by 20 per cent from 2010. However, it is with great regret that I report the loss of 27 colleagues (20 in steel and seven in mining) in work-related incidents in 2011. Every fatality is one too many and therefore improvement is essential. Safety is and will always be our number one priority, and our long-term goal is a workplace entirely free of accidents. We firmly believe this is achievable.

In the last few years, our sector has faced tough economic times. ArcelorMittal came through the early stages of the downturn well, considering the dramatic drop in demand in 2008. We received extraordinary support from our period, but last year it became clear that we had reached the point where it was necessary to implement some further measures largest mining development ever to ensure the long-term sustainability planned north of the Arctic Circle of the company. Regrettably, we had in Canada. to announce temporary idling of some of our European steel plants. I mention these two mining Our commitment has always been projects in part because they to maintain an open dialogue with our trade unions and employees throughout this process, and we remain dedicated to this aim.

Looking ahead, the steel market is compensating for this to some degree. We continue to diversify

our business to meet and create new demand, both geographically and through our product ranges.

Our people are the foundation from which we build our strengths. I know that ArcelorMittal has a world-class team and this was confirmed in 2011, when for the first time we were featured in the Aon Hewitt ranking of 'Top Companies for Leaders'. This accolade is a testament to the quality of our leaders – and indeed all of our employees.

We were also recognised as one of the most admired metals companies in Fortune magazine's 2012 corporate reputation survey, published in March 2012.

In 2011 alone, we received 272 different awards, covering the environment, leadership, health and safety, communication, innovation and corporate responsibility. In addition, we maintained our membership of the Dow Jones Sustainability Index and FTSE4Good index.

We support the training and development of our employees through the award-winning ArcelorMittal University, and in 2011 we trained 147,000 employees on our new human rights policy.

We continue to invest both money and expertise to improve our own environmental performance, and develop steel products that are lighter and stronger that in turn will help make the world's buildings, transport systems, and domestic appliances more sustainable.

We made the first shipment of workforce throughout that difficult iron ore from our mine in Liberia in 2011, and began preparations for iron ore mining at the Mary River project on North Baffin Island, the

> are, in different ways, good examples of our commitment where the issues are very different, but equally sensitive. In developing

our new mining projects we are paying close attention to the biodiversity of the surrounding area and the human rights of local people. I am proud of what we are doing in both Liberia and Canada, and genuinely believe we are leading with integrity and setting new standards in corporate responsibility for others in our industry to follow.

Steel plays an important role in helping to achieve a more sustainable world, and ArcelorMittal is spearheading many of the initiatives that will help to achieve this goal. This is why you hear us talk often about 'safe, sustainable steel and mining'. Safety and sustainability are at the heart of what we mean by leadership, and define our own values and ambitions as a business, both now and in the future.

"Safety and sustainability are at the heart of what we mean by leadership, and define our own values and ambitions as a business, both now and in the future."

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Lakshmi N Mittal Chairman and CEO of ArcelorMittal May, 2012



For further country level corporate responsibility reporting and other information, see www.arcelormittal.com

Materiality matrix



As part of our commitment to transparent governance, we undertake an annual materiality assessment that systematically analyses those issues that are important to our stakeholders. This gives us points of reference for our corporate responsibility programme and reporting. Starting in our corporate responsibility report 2009, we nave published the results annually in a materiality matrix

Evaluating internal and external stakeholder matters

employee surveys, community engagement, investor dialogue, as well as press and social media analysis.

We assess the topics that have emerged according to their importance for specific stakeholder groups, and enter each topic into the materiality matrix based on our assessment of its relevance; the matrix shows the relationship between a topic's importance to our stakeholders and

Changes in materiality since 2010 Compared to 2010 there are some changes

As a first step we collect information through in the materiality matrix which are due to changing stakeholder priorities and refining our analysis methodology. In 2011, the restructuring that had to be carried out within the business forced a change in our priorities, both commercially and in terms of our corporate responsibility agenda. Top of the agenda continue to be issues of safety, environmental management and employee relations. These are the topics which are given priority focus in this report.

remains volatile and recovery is slow, especially in Europe. Rising

to a responsible and sustainable approach to business. Liberia is a country still recovering from civil war, where our investment is supporting much needed economic development. Baffin Island, by steel demand in emerging markets contrast, is in a unique location,



Our business strategy

We understand the new dynamics of the world steel market and the challenges we have to address. We have to adapt to ongoing pressure on commodity supplies which results in short-term price volatility as well as long-term structural and economic change. Our business strategy is designed to make ArcelorMittal a sustainable business financially, just as our corporate responsibility strategy aims to make it a sustainable one in social, environmental and ethical terms.

Our business strategy is focused on five key priorities, outlined below. We are strengthening our balance sheet and ensuring that we have access to the financing we need to grow ArcelorMittal for the future, both through investment in research and development and selective strategic acquisitions.

We focus on cost reduction, and have made over \$4 billion in savings since the end of 2008. We continue to expand in key developing markets such as South America, the Middle East and Asia. We also concentrate our efforts on growing our mining business, which has significant potential and accounted for about 30 per cent of our profits in 2011.

In the last four years we have increased control of our raw material supply chain by developing our own sources of essential commodities like iron ore. Having our own mining operations ensures security of raw materials supply to our steel business; it enables us to sell to a growing list of third party customers; it allows optimisation of supply and logistics savings and it provides the group with diversification and an effective hedge against raw material price changes.

Our approach to corporate responsibility

We believe that our focus on proactively managing social, environmental and ethical matters supports our sustainable growth strategy as outlined on the previous page. It makes us more resilient, more competitive, and more efficient in our use of increasingly scarce resources. It also makes us more 'mindful' as a business quicker to anticipate and adapt to emerging global issues like climate change, as well as more sensitive to specific local issues in neighbouring communities, such as human rights or emissions control.

Corporate responsibility has been an integral part of the way we do business since the formation of ArcelorMittal. Our position in the steel and mining industry brings responsibilities and opportunities.

Through our corporate responsibility strategy, we recognise that our commitment to the world around us extends beyond the bottom line, to include the people in whom we invest, the communities we support and who surround us and the world in which we operate.

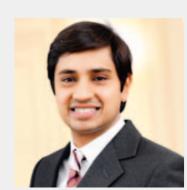
We have defined key performance indicators to monitor the four areas of our corporate responsibility strategy. We report on our progress against these indicators in this report, and have established some quantitative targets.

Corporate responsibility is at the heart of both our culture and our operations, supporting us in the achievement of our commercial goals, and ensuring that we are a company that business partners want to work with, talented people want to work for, local communities trust, and governments and civil society organisations believe to be transparent, accessible and accountable.

"We have made great progress in our corporate responsibility strategy since it was launched in 2008. Our safety performance has improved, we are working towards firm targets for CO. reductions and we have strengthened our community engagement. But there is more to be done, and each one of us must play a part to produce safe, sustainable steel."

Gonzalo Urquijo

Member of the Group Management Board, responsible for corporate responsibility



"Knowing your core strengths is important when faced with economic volatility and rapid change. At ArcelorMittal, having five core strengths at the heart of our business has helped us to effectively respond to evolving market conditions while maintaining a consistent strategy."

Aditya Mittal Chief financial officer, member of the Group Management Board

ArcelorMittal has identified five

Health and safety is our first priority \$4.0 billion of strategic priorities. across all industrial management operations, activities and levels 2008, of the company. We are driven to create a safe and healthy workplace with no accidents.

> Journey to Zero, health and safety programme to reduce workplace accidents and occupational diseases, embodies our goal to become In addition, the safest steel and mining the world.

ArcelorMittal is targeting a further \$0.8 billion of cost growth plans to reduction by the end of 2012. These will come from operational improvements sales, general and expenses (SG&A) and fixed cost

progress has been made on the asset September 2011 This activity production at our lowest-cost facilities and better aligning our

Our mining operations currently account for around 30 per cent of group profitability. We have ambitious increase our suppl of iron ore to 100 million tonnes by 2015, including sales of ore over five years.

Since the 2008 crisis, we have materially strengthened our balance sheet, reducing debt and extending the average maturity of our borrowings. While we will

continue to invest in order to maintain facilities and sustain research and development and product quality, acquisitions will be made only selectively and where they are strategically important. We are committed to maintaining our investment grade rating. We are also implementing certain non-core

asset divestments.

n emerging markets

Although we have temporarily suspended expenditure due to current market depending on local and projected global and regiona steel demand trends we will continue to target growth in key developing

Our corporate responsibility strategy is structured around four focus areas, which reflect the key priorities of our business and our stakeholders.

all underpinned by transparent

We want to make

strategy, operations each and every

person working on our behalf feel valued.

We play an important role in all the communities where we operate.

riching our

"Since ArcelorMittal joined the WBCSD in 2008, its upcoming managers have participated in the WBCSD's annual Future Leaders program. Today, these managers are applying the knowledge and skills they gained to making everyday business decisions. ArcelorMittal has also been involved with several WBCSD working groups, including development of the Global Water Tools. We look forward to continuing to work with ArcelorMittal, and to sharing knowledge and experiences."

Peter Bakker

President, World Business Council for Sustainable Development

market demand



Where and how we operate and innovate

continued

We are helping to build a lower-carbon world

The 21st century relies on steel for its road, rail and energy infrastructure, its buildings, its household products, its packaging and its vehicles. Steel is a vital part of the modern world, but it also has an important role to play in making our world more sustainable for the future. Steel is not only almost infinitely recyclable, but can also help make construction and transportation more energy-efficient, and build the wind turbines and other installations that will give us access to sources of renewable energy. It is true that the process for making steel is energy-intensive, but much progress has been made to reduce its carbon emissions. The industry continues to improve its environmental impacts whilst using its capabilities in supporting the innovation of its customers.

Construction

Our work with the construction industry is helping to make homes, offices and industrial buildings more energy-efficient. We have a new range of organic coated steels called Nature, as well as innovative roofing and cladding products, some of which enable the generation of solar power through roof tiles. Steel's high strength-to-weight ratio means initiative, which aims to bring that a steel-framed building needs fewer materials than one erected using other resources, which can cut the emissions generated during the construction phase by up to 30 per cent.

Our Spanish research and development centre has worked to develop the pioneering KUBIK building system, which uses can incorporate both conventional and renewable energy sources, such as geothermal, solar and wind. We have applied our steel expertise to protect the island of Mont St

Michel, in France, and developed special gating systems for the Venice lagoon, which will help preserve Venice's spectacular buildings and vulnerable natural environment.

Looking ahead, we see even more opportunities for steel to make a positive contribution to a more sustainable future. We are founding members of the SOVAMAT together experts from across the academic, business and scientific communities to find new ways to make industrial materials like steel more socially beneficial, and help drive progress towards a lowercarbon economy. The latest developments of this initiative are in sustainable design, the integration with Tecnalia Corporación Tecnológica of biodiversity into the analysis of products' environmental footprint. as well as life cycle analysis. Such an intelligent lighting and heating, and analysis means looking at the entire 'life' of a product, to understand where environmental impacts are most significant, and where there are the greatest opportunities.



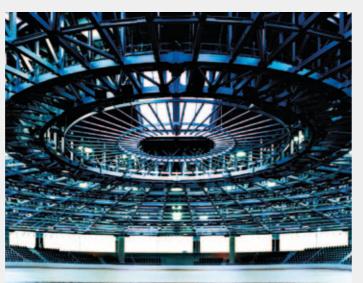
ArcelorMittal's steel ArcelorMittal's she sheet pile technology pile solutions are was chosen as the solution for the lock structures and for the steel barriers to help preserve Venice The project aims to from future floods. The project aims to retain water from



which is gradually the river Cuesnon, and to release it like a flush to carry away focusing on the sand surrounding sustainable the island.



pioneering research and development energy efficiency





strength HISTAR®, as at the Velodrom and other physical by about 30%.

Reducing weight

Through the use of high-strength steels, household appliances can achieve a 20% reduction in weight.

Energy

Finding affordable and reliable sources of renewable energy will be crucial to reduce the world's carbon emissions. Wind energy is one form of renewable energy, and We are a leading producer of the the USA aims to produce 20 per cent electrical and high-strength steels of its energy this way by 2030, while the target in the European Union is 20 per cent by 2020. Without steel – and our steel – the than 3,000 wind turbine towers world would not have the renewable since 2005. energy industry we have today.

All wind turbines use electrical steels in their generators and transformers, and around 85 per cent of them are installed on towers made from heavy-duty steel, which offers a unique combination of strength and ease of transport and assembly. It takes up to 285 tonnes of steel to build an onshore wind turbine, and the generator alone can weigh up to 100 tonnes, but a steel structure like this can be erected in less than two days,

compared to up to a month when using other materials. Likewise, steel is often a viable option for the sea-bed foundations needed for off-shore turbines.

used in wind turbine towers. Our plant in Gijón, Spain, for example, has supplied steel plates for more

offshore turbines and for those in is difficult. We also play a key role in helping the wind energy industry while the vehicle is being made, additional turbines. At present a capacity of between 0.85MW and 3MW of power, but we are working vehicles. The new steel designs develop designs that could produce in the future, both in terms of up to 5MW per wind turbine. Each additional 1MW is estimated to save the equivalent of around 1,500 tonnes of CO₂ each year.

Transportation

CO₂ emissions are at the top of car manufacturers' sustainability agenda. As the supplier of steel used to manufacture one in five cars globally, Arcelor Mittal's award-winning S-in motion® project addresses this issue by cutting the CO₂ emissions of the average family car significantly.

We launched S-in motion® to our major customers in 2011. S-in motion® allows a weight reduction We have developed components for of 19 per cent in the structural components of a vehicle, which locations where regular maintenance has the potential to deliver up to a 15 per cent reduction in emissions increase its output without building and a further 13.5 per cent while it is being driven. The savings translate typical wind turbine has a generation into a reduction in emissions of 6.2 grams/kilometre for S-in motion® with major turbine manufacturers to could revolutionise car performance emissions and end-of-life recycling, whilst also being at neutral cost for car makers, and whilst maintaining safety performance.



heights. Hot rolled angles with a leg for use in lattice tower wind turbin to produce 140m or 160m towers, compared to the usual 100m.

Wind turbines

Approximately 85% of the world's wind turbines are installed on tubular steel structures, and one in three uses ArcelorMittal steel. (Source: World Steel Association).



ArcelorMittal's S-in notion® project wo Innovation Award for "Best Proces

Cutting carbon

Using lightweight steel components to reduce a vehicle's weight could cut carbon emissions by up to 14% during a car's lifetime on the road.

Investment in innovation

ArcelorMittal's research and development spend in 2011.



"S-in motion is something no other steel company has done before: a pioneering catalogue of weight-saving solutions that produces a big advance in vehicle energy efficiency. We have now shared it with nearly all of the major automotive manufacturers in the developed countries and it has been a major success."

Lou Schorsch

Member of the Group Management Board, responsible for research and development

For further information visit

ourvalues

Leadership. Quality. Sustainability. These values inform how we run our business and how we manage unexpected or difficult circumstances. On these pages we cover our approach to some key issues such as workplace safety and human rights, as well as how we deal with some of the particular challenges of working in developing countries.

Improvements in mining safety

In mining our lost time injury frequency rate has reduced from 4.0 per million hours worked in 2007, to 1.2 in 2011. The latest figure represents an improvement convinced that all accidents of 23.5% since 2010. convinced that all accidents are preventable, where they

ArcelorMittal personnel and contractors – lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR)

	2010	2011
Flat Carbon Americas	1.8	1.9
Flat Carbon Europe	2.3	1.6
Long Carbon Americas and Europe	2.0	1.4
Asia, Africa and CIS	0.9	0.7
Distribution Solutions	2.7	3.2
Total Steel	1.8	1.5
Total Mining	1.5	1.2
Total (Steel and Mining)	1.8	1.4

Changing mindsets for safety in mining

No operations can achieve world class efficiency and productivity without a world class safety record. We know we cannot achieve an outstanding safety performance through processes alone – we need to create a culture in which people are are preventable, where they feel empowered to challenge any situation they feel is unsafe, and where they take active responsibility for their own and the safety of others. Changing mindsets from basic compliance to positive belief is a real challenge and is a goal we are determined to achieve.

Our mining operations have developed Courageous Leadership, a new ethos in health and safety n mining, which means:

Valuing people above all other priorities Believing we can reach zero injuries

· Bringing a positive attitude to work

Eliminating at-risk behaviourCreating a desired cultureFacing challenges with determination

- Accepting the responsibility of leadership
- · Having the courage to make the commitment

"Courageous leadership is not a programme. It is the foundation of a culture of Respecting human rights caring that will underpin our determination to do the right thing under any and all circumstances. It will empower our people to speak up when at-risk behaviour is encountered."

Peter Kukielski,

Member of the Group Management Board, chief executive of Mining

Our mining operations have already challenges were enormous, but so made significant improvements in safety. The lost time injury frequency chance to show how a responsible rate has fallen steadily from 4.0 in 2007, to 1.2 in 2011. During that time ArcelorMittal Princeton, USA, has gone from being one of the worst performing mines in the group to one of the best, with an LTIFR of zero in 2011 and has won numerous awards for safety. During that same period the sites at Lisakovsk and Atansore in Kazakhstan, and Serra Azul in Brazil, did not record a single lost time injury.

Looking ahead, we want our whole mining operation to aspire to the exceptional safety record of our Andrade mine in Brazil, which has not lost time to injury for over

Mining used to be one of Liberia's most important industries but by 2005 more than 14 years of civil war had left the economy virtually stagnant, and not a single mine was working. The country had mineral wealth, but its industrial and transport infrastructure was devastated, and its people reduced to extreme poverty.

That is when we made our first commitment to invest in a new mining operation in Liberia. The were the opportunities: it was our and sustainable approach to mining could bring a lasting and positive benefit to the country and the community, as well as to ArcelorMittal.

Living by our values

continued

Assurer's commentary

ArcelorMittal is a member of global and sector specific initiatives, principles and Global Compact and Extractive Industries reporting years we recommend that ArcelorMittal reports further on how

"ArcelorMittal was one of the first major companies to enter Liberia after decades of instability. Their coming – for which Liberians will always be grateful – signalleď a major vote of confidence by investors in the leadership and future of our country. ArcelorMittal honoured its 2006 commitment to launch mining operations by the third quarter of 2011. This is a promise the company has kept, despite the global financial crisis that threatened to bring the project to a halt. ArcelorMittal's work has improved the lives of many Liberians today and for many years to come. We welcome this excellent partnership. We look forward to an even brighter and prosperous future for ArcelorMittal

President Ellen Johnson Sirleaf Attending the launch ceremony for ArcelorMittal's first shipment of iron ore from Liberia, September 2011

and for Liberia."

conducted detailed environmental and social impacts assessments, that also included a cultural heritage developed by the Liberian Police assessment of the area, so that the process of construction and industrial operations could be carried out in a sensitive and appropriate manner. In doing this we were able to draw on our experience as part of the United Nations Global Compact working group on Responsible Business and Investment in Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas, as well as the water treatment and power plants, principles and procedures set out in our human rights policy.

Site security is another issue covered in our human rights policy. As we considered the security needs of our operations in Liberia we drew on the Voluntary Principles first million tonnes of iron ore. Our on Security and Human Rights and investment in Liberia has been a the United Nations Basic Principles significant catalyst of economic on the Use of Force and Firearms by development. Coupled with our Law Enforcement Officials. All our efforts in promoting human rights, security guards are required to complete a month-long certificated the future of Liberia. training course which includes

Before work began on the mine we modules on human rights, ethics and the standards of conduct we expect. This curriculum was Academy in collaboration with the United Nations, and is delivered by police academy trainers.

Since 2006 we have invested

almost \$800m in our Liberian

operations, repairing roads, rehabilitating a 250km railway, dredging and restoring the Buchanan port, and constructing as well as schools and hospitals that will benefit not only our own employees but whole communities. Our mines are now fully operational, and we began to ship iron ore in September 2011. By the end of March 2012 we had shipped the we believe this will contribute to

Engaging stakeholders

We place a high priority on open, direct and proactive engagement with our stakeholders. This ranges from our work with international bodies like the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative to our ongoing programme of community engagement activities at every site, to our commitment to publish corporate responsibility reports at both group and local level.

We are members of a number of global organisations, including the United Nations Global Compact, CSR Europe, the World Steel Association, the World Business Council for Sustainable Development and the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI). Memberships like these allow us to contribute to the debate about areas that affect ArcelorMittal, share good practice with others and promote good corporate governance and a responsible approach to business.



The Hudson Trader the ship that carried tonnes of iron ore from Liberia.



good example of this, where Liberia to establish such a committee, in fully EITI-compliant. We continue to be members of its stakeholder council and report annually against community members as well as the Liberian EITI requirements. For more information see www.leiti.org.lr

ArcelorMittal has signed up to the European Commission's Register of Interest Representatives where the company sets out the activities it deploys in its relations with the European institutions as well as the financial resources the company dedicates to ensuring that its views confidential and accessible system are communicated and understood by European Union policymakers. We cooperate with European Union engagement. Most of our major institutions by engaging on policies sites have a process for doing this, in the areas of the environment and and some of these processes have climate change, trade, social policy, been in existence for several years. and research and development. Our We are now bringing them all into within this report.

and manage these impacts responsibly, taking other people's rights and priorities into account. We believe that this engagement is not only the right thing to do, but supports our business objectives. All our local operations are required to implement their engagement activities in line with the ArcelorMittal external stakeholder engagement procedure. We recognise that stakeholders' issues and the impacts of our operations evolve, thus we update our policies regularly. This is why we set up a working group of ArcelorMittal corporate responsibility coordinators and revised this stakeholder engagement procedure in 2011.

Engaging actively with our stakeholders helps us understand local concerns and take action early, it helps us gain community approval for new projects and protects our 'licence to operate', helps us shape our future operating environment and how we contribute to local economic and social development. Every operation develops its own engagement activities, in response to local needs and circumstances, and these can range from meetings and open days, to newsletters, briefings, and dedicated community liaison committees such as the one at Arcelor Mittal Dofasco, in Canada.

Our work with the EITI in Liberia is a Dofasco was one of our first sites external stakeholders on this process was the first African country to be collaboration with the Ontario Ministry of Environment, and includes local stakeholder organisations and the environment manager. Local residents come to monthly drop-in meetings and pose questions to the vehicle for providing specific country company. In Kazakhstan, the site at Temirtau is one of the largest integrated steel plants in the world. We hold review meetings with community groups and other local stakeholders every six months.

Providing stakeholders with a for reporting grievances is an important element of our community the Readers' Choice non-financial position on these topics is discussed line with the United Nations Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights, and developing a consistent We recognise that what we do has group-wide approach which draws an impact on others, and that we on good practices from across the have a responsibility to understand whole business. We will also consult responsibility reports.

during 2012.

Local reporting is integral to stakeholder engagement, and we actively encourage our businesses to issue their own corporate responsibility reports. These reports will become a information complementary to the group corporate responsibility report.

report in 2010, and was a runner-up in the Global Corporate Responsibility Awards given by UK-based Corporate of the best ways of Register in 2011. Arcelor Mittal Kriviy Rih, Ukraine, had its 2011 report ranked in the top three in reporting awards organised by the leading Ukrainian organisation, the Centre for Corporate Social Responsibility Development. Other businesses issuing their own reports include Arcelor Mittal USA, Arcelor Mittal Acindar, Argentina, ArcelorMittal South Africa and ArcelorMittal Mexico. In 2011, we published 10 local corporate



"Clear reporting is one engaging with our global and local stakeholders. In addition to the group corporate responsibility report, 10 local corporate responsibility reports were published in 2011."

Gonzalo Urquijo

Member of the Group Management Board, responsible for corporate responsibility

Local corporate responsibility reports, issued in 2011





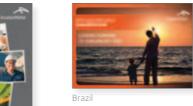














www.arcelormittal.com/corp/ corporate-responsibility/ publications-and-reports

We engage with our stakeholders to understand our impacts and manage them responsibly, as well as to communicate our activities and plans.

Our stakeholders Our relationship How we engage Stakeholder issues Customers for local economic development Build trust with local Local engagement workshops Local corporate responsibility nd plans engagement processes Environment and pollution control Local Communities

Performance review

The following pages look at the four areas of our corporate responsibility strategy, and report our progress made in 2011.

Examples of stakeholder engagement in 2011

At ArcelorMittal Brazil we have held supplier development workshops, to help suppliers meet ArcelorMittal's requirements for business conduct.

Customers

We ask our customers for regular feedback and measure our customer satisfaction results. In 2011, customers completed surveys across several business segments, the results of which are being currently analysed.

Employees

Nittal's employee 'climate survey'

Government and Regulators

represent our industry and our business finalised the Phase III allocation of carbon

Local Communities

Multilateral & Business Organisations

We engage with the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development engagement practices and compliance with other social and environmental EBRD requirements.

Non-Governmental Organisations

Arcelor Mittal USA partnered with the American Red Cross to help deliver safety preparedness training to community members and our employees.

Contents

Progress against our corporate responsibility

- Corporate responsibility

- Conflict minerals
- Employee nealth

- the workplace
 25 Employee engagement
 26 Training and development
 26 The ArcelorMittal Universit
 27 Promoting diversity

- 36 Arcelor Mittal Foundation

Our governance framework underpins how our company is structured, from the composition of our board of directors, to the way we expect each employee to behave. Good governance helps us to ensure that we operate ethically, wherever we are in the world; it requires openness and integrity in our dealings with our stakeholders; and it supports our commitment to embed the principles of corporate responsibility into how we conduct our everyday business.





Transparent governance - 2011 progress at a glance

	Our commitments	Our progress	Next steps
Corporate responsibility	onsibility coordination group providing effective group meetings, and a site visit to	Review corporate responsibility governance at corporate level.	
governance	direction and oversight and reporting to the Group Management Board and	South Africa. Ten local corporate responsibility	Continue to build capacity for local corporate responsibility governance
	board of directors.	reports published.	and further support local corporate
	Establish local corporate responsibility reporting.		responsibility reporting.
Business ethics	Group policies and a code of business conduct that all employees understand and live by.	80 per cent of our employees trained on the code of business conduct.	Develop further tools for the implementation of our compliance policies.
Human rights	Training all our employees on their rights and responsibilities.	Human rights training for 147,000 employees.	Align our grievance mechanisms to the United Nations Guiding Principles for
	Integrating human rights into our everyday governance and new policy defining the use of force by business practices. Published and started implementing a new policy defining the use of force by our security personnel and contractors.		Business and Human Rights.
			Develop an assessment tool to monitor the implementation of the policy governing the use of force by our security personnel and contractors.
		Country assessments in Brazil, Kazakhstan and Liberia.	
Responsible	Communicating our responsible sourcing	263 suppliers assessed against	Launch training programme for our buyers.
sourcing	standards to our suppliers.	ArcelorMittal's code for responsible sourcing.	Further embed responsible sourcing into
	Supporting and promoting best practice standards with our suppliers.	A new quidance document published and	core procurement processes such as vendor selection.
	standards with our suppliers.	shared with buyers and suppliers.	vendor selection.
United Nations G This section covers 10 on anti-corrupt	principles 1–2 on human rights and principle	Global Reporting Initiative This section addresses in full, or in part, the follor Economic performance Market presence Social performance: human rights performance anti-competitive behaviour, compliance Product responsibility performance	

For the complete GRI reference table please see our website.

Find out more at www.arcelormittal.com

Governance of corporate responsibility

Our approach to corporate responsibility has evolved considerably over the last five years, and become increasingly integral to the way we manage our business. As a result, corporate responsibility is now a fundamental part of our mainstream governance processes and reporting.

Our board of directors takes ownership of corporate responsibility at ArcelorMittal, and not only assumes formal accountability for our performance, but also plays an active part in overseeing how issues are managed and measured.

There are three board committees which are also involved in the oversight of corporate responsibility issues. The audit committee has started monitoring the implementation of our new human rights policy as part of its compliance reporting remit, and the appointments, remuneration and corporate governance committee considers the application of the company's corporate responsibility policies more broadly. The risk management committee at board level also discusses specific social,

environmental or ethical issues that present a potential or actual risk to the business. In addition, we have a Group Management Board member who has responsibility for corporate responsibility.

The implementation of our corporate responsibility strategy is supported by the group corporate responsibility team. This team possesses expertise in specific areas provides the principles to help such as responsible sourcing, human rights, reporting and stakeholder engagement. It also engages with global stakeholders such as international non-governmental organisations (NGOs) and with socially responsible investors. The central team is supported by the corporate responsibility coordination is implemented to help local group of senior managers that constitutes our risk, internal assurance, international affairs, company secretariat, communications, legal and human resources departments, which meet regularly. In 2011, there were nine formal meetings, and a site visit to South Africa.

One of the areas where we have seen the greatest progress since 2007 has been in our local and regional network of corporate responsibility coordinators. Every plant manager and local CEO is tasked with responsibility for corporate responsibility issues in their own operation, and they are supported by local corporate responsibility coordinators, who ensure that group policies and standards are put in place, and manage important programmes such as our stakeholder engagement activities. They also provide corporate responsibility training for local managers and employees.

In March 2011, all corporate responsibility coordinators were invited to attend a two-day knowledge management programme in Luxembourg, which focused specifically on corporate responsibility and ArcelorMittal Foundation activities.

The governance procedures have supported ArcelorMittal's overall performance improvements in corporate responsibility that has in turn led to Arcelor Mittal achieving and maintaining membership of both the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index and the FTSE4Good index.

Risk management

It is integral to our values to meet the highest standards of business conduct. We take into account risks that can affect our business and our stakeholders, including those associated with environmental, social and ethical issues.

Our risk management policy us to recognise that we are exposed to uncertainty, to develop mitigation plans and which emphasise the importance of the role of the ArcelorMittal board of directors and management to manage such uncertainties. A risk management framework managers identify and pre-empt potential risks at an early stage.

Its day-to-day implementation is supervised by the corporate risk management department that reports to the Group Management Board and the board risk management committee on a quarterly basis.

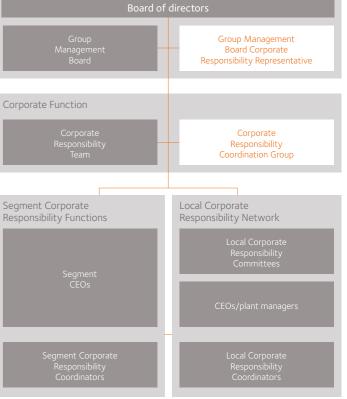
"Corporate responsibility governance and reporting is critical in implementing our corporate responsibility strategy. What gets reported gets seen and discussed. Through improved disclosure we have achieved both performance improvements and external recognition."

Henk Scheffer

Company secretary and chairman of the corporate responsibility coordination group

Assurer's commentary

rengthened during 2011, meeting a mber of times, both virtually and in rson, to share good practices between es and understand the tools and expertise



For further information on identified risks, see Arcelor Mittal's annual report on form F-20 at www.arcelormittal.com. These risks have also informed our materiality assessment on page 2.

continued

Human rights

In 2011, ArcelorMittal trained 147,000 employees on the human rights policy.

We asked colleagues across our company why human rights are

"Every human being deserves a clean environment, and to feel safe at home, at work, and in their community."

Peter

ArcelorMittal Hamilton Dofasco, Canada.

"Human rights is respect for personal dignity from management, and treating each other with dignity and respect inside our teams."

Anna

ArcelorMittal Kryviy Rih, Ukraine.

"A good work/ life balance is critical to avoid stress and support human rights in the workplace."

ArcelorMittal Montataire, France.

Business ethics

We have industrial operations in over 60 countries and have to consider many different cultures audience had completed the antiand business environments. This makes it all the more important that we are absolutely clear about the standard of behaviour we expect from our employees, and we have embodied these principles in our code of business conduct.

We aim to be respectful of local important to them and their work. customs and circumstances, but we must also ensure that we always observe high standards of integrity and business ethics and apply those standards consistently, wherever we are in the world.

> Our code of business conduct governs the way we do business, and extended to our sales agents. In there are more detailed policies and addition, an internal compliance procedures in place covering issues such as human rights, anti-trust, anti-corruption, insider dealing, and are supported by compulsory training for employees, which takes place through face-to-face and online sessions and has to be repeated every three years. In addition we run workshops, publish regular news articles, circulated electronically within contingent liabilities and current the group and published on our intranet in several languages, and have a dedicated intranet site dedicated to the compliance programme.

Our anti-corruption guidelines aim to ensure that our employees and any third parties acting on our behalf observe the highest levels of integrity and are not involved in make clear to all employees that the company and each individual employee could be held liable for being involved, directly or indirectly, in corrupt practices, including facilitation payments.

Compliance with our anti-corruption quidelines is monitored through internal assurance reviews, reports through our confidential response systems and in some instances through dedicated external reviews as information on the directors in high risk countries. It is important compensation. that we demonstrate that business is conducted based on merit, that corruption is not acceptable and that no improper influence should be exerted on governments officials or private individuals.

By the end of 2011, 80 per cent of all employees had completed code of business conduct training and 94 per cent of the designated corruption training. This includes training conducted between 2009 and 2011, as these trainings are valid for three years. The training rate for the code of business conduct has decreased from 90 per cent in 2010. This is due to a number of factors, including a slower rate of retraining than required. In addition, because of staff turnover and long-term leave, of this policy. a 100 per cent completion rate is not a fully achievable measure.

Both training programmes have been undertaken, without exception, in all our countries of operation. Our compliance training is now being workshop was held in 2011 with representatives from 18 countries. This helped in our ongoing campaign economic sanctions. These policies to raise awareness about the vital importance of sound business ethics.

> ArcelorMittal is party to a number of competition or anti-trust claims. No provisions in respect of these claims were recorded in 2011. For claims please see ArcelorMittal's 2011 annual report at www.arcelormittal.com

In 2011, Friends of the Earth filed a complaint against Arcelor Mittal in reference to the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises for alleged malpractice in our Liberia operations. ArcelorMittal has corrupt activities. These guidelines expressed its support for the OECD process and is awaiting further dialogue through the OECD National Contact Point for Luxembourg.

> There is detailed reporting of ArcelorMittal's corporate governance practices in the 2011 annual report on pages 72 - 87. This includes operation of the board of directors, the matter and take appropriate Group Management Board and management committee, as well

Human rights

In 2010, we published our human rights policy. It derives from the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Core Conventions of the International Labour Organisation, and the United Nations Global Compact. We collaborated with non-governmental organisations, investors and academic experts with experience in business and human rights in the development

The ArcelorMittal human rights policy sits alongside our code of business conduct and specific policies in areas like health and safety, environment, and anticorruption, and our new policy for security personnel on the use of force, arms and firearms. Throughout 2011 we published monthly news articles to raise awareness about the human rights policy internally and trained our employees about its implications. All employees received a copy of the policy, which is translated into 19 languages, and have access to a human rights guidance manual. By the end of 2011, over 147,000 employees had completed formal training, either face-to-face or through an interactive online training course.

We have also instituted a

governance framework for the human rights policy so that we can take action, should we identify an actual or potential breach. As part of this we operate a number of confidential mechanisms at different levels of the group which employees or external stakeholders can use to report concerns about possible human rights violations. Our employees are invited to raise their concerns through their employee representative, their trade union, or directly to the ArcelorMittal audit information on the composition and committee, which will investigate action. Serious breaches of the human rights policy will be considered cases of gross misconduct, and if substantiated will lead to dismissal. In 2011, there were 598 grievances reported through local grievance mechanisms relating to human rights, environmental and health and safety issues.

> In 2012, we aim to bring the company grievance mechanisms in line with the United Nations Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights.

We have also started human rights Responsible sourcing assessments in some of our countries, for example, in Liberia, Kazakhstan and Brazil. These assessments look at how human rights have been integrated into management practices and provide areas for further improvement. In 2012, we will continue supporting our units in completing these assessments.

We continue to inform our own approach to human rights, and also work to raise standards throughout industry by sharing our experiences ethics, and environmental with other organisations. We have presented at the United Nations Global Compact and at dedicated business and human rights conferences. In 2011, we became co-leaders of the CSR Europe business and human rights working group, and also hosted a human rights discussion in Brussels in May 2011, which included a debate about the relative roles of business and the state in this area. The event was attended by officials of the European Commission, EU Member State representatives, Members of the European Parliament and representatives from other businesses.

Security and human rights

ArcelorMittal aims to provide a safe and secure working environment for its employees and contractors and to protect its property.

This is achieved in part through the In 2011, 263 suppliers were use of public or private security forces in the locations where local conditions make this necessary. To sourcing requirements as part ensure that every individual acts at of the annual supplier evaluation. all times in a manner that respects human rights and is in compliance with applicable national, state and local laws, ArcelorMittal adopted a policy for security personnel on the use of force, arms and firearms been identified as the main areas in December 2011.

This policy forms part of ArcelorMittal's security standards and procedures which provides quidance on working with private and public security forces. It is derived from international standards Conflict minerals and principles, including the Voluntary Principles for Security and Human Rights and the United Nations Code of Conduct for Law Enforcement Officials. For more information see pages 13-14.

December 2010 saw the launch of our code for responsible sourcing. We believe Arcelor Mittal can make a substantial positive impact by raising standards of social, environmental and ethical performance of its suppliers, and this is what the code is designed to achieve.

The code incorporates health and safety, human rights, business management criteria. The aim of the code is to ensure that we have an efficient supply chain that reflects our own principles; that we take effective action in this area; and that we reduce risk for the business, our suppliers and our stakeholders in the long term.

In 2011, we promoted the application of the code with our suppliers, and we are now integrating the principles of responsible sourcing into all our procurement processes. We established a network of responsible sourcing champions in each of our key buying groups. These champions will help to implement the code within their respective group. Our guidance document supports both our buyers and suppliers. It explains what we mean by responsible sourcing and outlines the responsibilities of both parties to make this happen.

assessed across the group against ArcelorMittal's responsible Although the results vary from supplier to supplier, the strongest area of performance is quality management, with human rights and other ethical issues having for improvement. In 2012, we will launch an online training programme, and aim to make further progress in integrating responsible sourcing into our procurement processes.

Some raw materials used in our industry are sourced from regions which are experiencing civil war or other conflicts. The international community is concerned that these conflicts are being financed by the trading of certain minerals.

wolframite, columbite-tantalite, and cassiterite. The US Dodd-Frank Act requires companies reporting to the US Securities Exchange Commission to disclose if any of these minerals used in their products have been sourced from the Democratic Republic of Congo or surrounding areas, and describe how they have verified this.

We use small quantities of tin in the plating of some of our products. We have made a commitment in our code for responsible sourcing not to use minerals that have supported conflict. We have been working with our suppliers on this topic for several years and we request certificates of origin for all the tin we buy.

Since early 2011, we have been active participants in the OECD working group on implementing the due diligence guidelines for responsible mineral supply chains. This group aims to define an approach to the management of tin supply chains for minerals in the Great Lakes region of Africa.

These 'conflict minerals' include gold, "Through our collaboration with ArcelorMittal we have worked towards our mutual objectives of cost saving and reducing energy use. In the process we have strengthened our relationship."

> Armin Bruch Member of the Board of Management of SGL Group,

Case study: SAVE – Supplier Added Value Excellence

Our new SAVE programme is designed to find effective ways of sourcing the raw materials and other products we require. Our procurement teams are working actively with key suppliers to find innovative new ways to work together and also meet our responsible sourcing objectives.

A leading example of SAVE in practice is the partnership between Arcelor Mittal Zaragoza and the SGL Group, one of the most important suppliers of electrodes for electric arc furnaces. Since 2010 the two organisations have been working on a project to reduce the energy used to heat in the furnaces and the time the furnaces need to lie idle between each cycle. As a result of this project, in 2011 we made savings of almost \$1 million, energy consumption has been cut by nearly 6 per cent, and the time the furnaces need to stand idle while they are reheated has dropped from 29 minutes to just under 21 minutes. The next phase of the project is due to start in 2012.



"Of all the stakeholders we work in partnership with, one of the most crucial for supporting our commitment to sustainability, are our suppliers. For this partnership to be successful, we need to build trust, and that can only come with transparency and good communications."

Davinder Chugh Member of the Group Management Board, responsible for shared services

A specific update on human rights

was published in July 2011

Arcelor Mittal has always been committed to being a responsible employer. We operate in an industry where workplace safety is an everyday issue and this continues to be our number one priority. But being a responsible employer goes further than that. We want Arcelor Mittal to be a place where people can fulfil their potential, and feel that their views are taken into account. And when economic circumstances force us to make changes and reductions to our workforce, we make every effort to do that in a sensitive manner and

Investing in our people – 2011 progress at a glance

Our commitments Our progress **Next steps** Safety Decrease in fatalities and lost time A fatality free workplace. Continue our efforts to improve workplace njury rate. 27 fatalities in 2011, compared safety and prevent accidents. Lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) to 40 in 2010. LTIFR of 1.42 in 2011, of 1.0 by 2013 at the latest. Two health and safety summits for senior management. Health Major health programmes in all An absenteeism rate of 3.42 at our mines, Continue to share good practices in and 2.94 at our steel operations business units, adapted to local needs. health and hygiene across the group. A global health week at all our sites for the first time **Employee** Open and constructive dialogue 85 per cent of employees covered by Continue to complete employee relations relations with employees. a collective bargaining agreement. diagnostics and develop our social dialogue structures.

development

Developing a flexible, trained,

and highly motivated workforce.

Global Reporting Initiative

This section addresses in full, or in part, the following GRI indicator aspects:

Develop a Women in

Leadership programme.

employee training hours.

Further integrate our reporting systems

to capture more complete information on

- Economic performance
- Market presence

0.08 per cent man-days lost to strikes.

A favourability scoring of 63 per cent

in the employee engagement survey.

Three major recognitions received for

Over 358,000 hours of employee

training at ArcelorMittal University.

- Social performance: Labour practices and decent work, human rights
- Product responsibility performance

For the complete GRI reference table please see our website

mining. Any work-related death is clearly a tragedy for those involved, and a cause of immense regret and concern to us as a company.

Health and safety performance forms a key part of the executive remuneration policy, with between 10 to 20 per cent of the annual performance bonus dependent on the group or unit's lost time injury frequency rate. Further details can be found in the Annual Report 2011 on page 82.

We investigate all accidents in detail, and immediate reports of fatalities are reviewed by the Group Management Board, so that lessons can be learned throughout the whole company. Some of our sites – like our Jubail project in Saudi Arabia – have already achieved years with zero accidents, and this is an ambition of all of our operations.

We held a health and safety summit in Canada in January 2011 involving all of our top management. This looked in detail at the fatality rate at our plants and mines, and was followed with a meeting in December for our Group Management Board and management committee, where we reconfirmed our commitment to safety as our number one priority, and one that will ultimately determine our standing and success as a business. Good practice examples from four of our larger sites - ArcelorMittal Dofasco in Canada, ArcelorMittal Bremen in Germany, Arcelor Mittal Bergara in Spain and our Andrade iron ore mines in Brazil – were reviewed to demonstrate how and why they are succeeding in reducing accidents. Andrade last year celebrated its 19th year without a lost-time injury.

Safety performance

Our ambition is to be the safest

steel and mining company in

the world. This is a challenge,

but one we are determined to

time injury frequency rate

achieve. We aim to cut our lost

(LTIFR) to one by 2013 at the

latest, and we will only become

a leader in our sector when it

reduces below 0.5. The long-

zero, and our company-wide

term goal is to reach a LTIFR of

safety programme, Journey to

Zero, is designed to reach this

goal. It involves everyone from

the Group Management Board,

to workers on the shop-floor.

performance through what is

known as the lost time injury

frequency rate or LTIFR. Based

employees and our contractors,

our LTIFR fell from 1.77 incidents

per million hours worked in 2010,

to 1.42 in 2011. After a difficult

year in 2010, we set a target for

accidents in 2011, and we did

indeed achieve this – the fourth

vear in a row that our LTIFR has

gone down. However, we are

saddened that we did have 27

contractors in 2011. Twenty of

these were in steel and seven in

fatalities among our employees and

a 20 per cent reduction in

on figures for both our own

We measure our safety

Journey to Zero is about preventing accidents by understanding any risks, and by taking appropriate action. This involves setting up advanced safety monitoring systems, but the human aspect is just as important. We want to establish a culture of shared vigilance, in which everyone takes responsibility not just for their own safety, but for the safety of those around them, including the many contractors who work at our plants. We are making a special effort to encourage a safety-first mindset among these contractor workers, who have a worse record of accidents and near-hits

than our direct employees. At Arcelor Mittal Tubarão, Brazil, for example, a focus on contractor safety resulted in a 79 per cent reduction in the LTIFR in 2011 compared to 2010.

We work actively with our trade

unions on safety improvements, and our joint global health and safety committee meets once a quarter. This is supported by joint health and safety committees at each of our production units. We estimate that around three guarters of our employees are represented by these committees. In 2011, meetings were held in London, Argentina, Brazil, USA, Bosnia and Herzegovina and Poland. This remains the only such rate – mining operations group in our sector, and it published its first report, Together for Safety, in June 2011. This acknowledged how much progress has been made, and made further recommendations for the future.

We also run a company-wide health and safety day every year, to coincide with the International Labour Organisation's World Day for Safety and Health at Work.

Our three-year safety performance all operations

2011 1.42

Lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR) is the number of injuries which has resulted in an employee or contractor being away from work at least one day after the day it occurred, per million hours worked.

Lost time injury frequency Per million hours worked

2011	1.17	
2010	1.53	
2009		2.42

Lost time injury frequency rate – steel operations Per million hours worked

2011	1.46	
2010		1.80
2009		1.79

Case study: Safety shake-up in Germany



Our plant at Duisburg is a great example of the power of collective responsibility. Since early 2011 employees at the site have been taking part in regular meetings with management to highlight possible safety issues and discuss ways to address them.

Each suggestion is logged and the team leader in that area is accountable for its implementation. This has already led to some significant improvements and a safer workplace.

"This review demonstrates our commitment to improve health and safety in ArcelorMittal. The joint global health and safety committee has carried out a lot of good work, but achievina zero fatalities must remain our highest priority."

General Secretary, International Metalworkers Federation, as part of the joint global health and safety committee report dated July 2011

You can read our health and safety policy at www.arcelormittal.com

For more information on our key performance indicators (KPIs) see our data table on page 38

United Nations Global Compact

Training and

leadership

Find out more at www.arcelormittal.com

Absenteeism – steel

Absenteeism % = Total illness leave time/ hours to be worked

2011	2.94
2010	3.17

Assurer's commentary

addition, to weekly Group Management Board meetings, senior management met wice during 2011 to specifically discuss monstrating its priority for the business

Employee health

The health and well-being of our employees is vital. It is important in its own right, but it is also crucial in reducing absenteeism, and ensuring the quality and consistency of our production output.

We have a number of policies and standards across the company which we use to assess health issues and possible risks, and ensure that action is taken to prevent or address them. These issues include subjects such as hygiene on-site and drug and alcohol abuse. We also share knowledge and new ideas actively across the group, and through the joint global health and safety committee.

approach to health – one that goes beyond preventing occupational illness, to promoting general wellbeing, both at home and at work.

In 2011, each site hosted its own Health Week. The Health Week

includes a series of events, giving employees the chance to learn more about subjects such as nutrition, stress management and healthy lifestyles. During this one week, all employees of ArcelorMittal sites could receive education on health matters through health fairs, posters, stands, lectures and tests and assess their health risk factors (obesity, hypertension, diabetes, stress), and discover how to improve both their physical and mental health, while lowering risks of some diseases. In 2011, more than 103,000 employees and contractors participated in these activities. This programme is planned to become an annual event.

In Mexico, a no-smoking campaign was started in 2011 in Celaya, providing a twelve week As with safety, we have a proactive programme that offered medicinal nicotine treatment accompanied by psychological support. We also ran a Health Symposium in Brazil in 2011, health training for the management committee, and in the USA, the second year of the Transforming YOU programme



Arcelor Mittal Point Lisas, Trinidad and Tobago, is making significant progress on our collective Journey to Zero. Following the achievement in June 2011 of one year with zero lost time injuries (LTIs), the site has recently inaugurated a new medical centre.

organised medical cabinets with all necessary medication, tools dedicated training room and a contractor coordination centre,

achieved nearly a 50 per cent increase in the number of employees compulsory labour. We oppose child a climate survey (employee completing biometric screening across 15 sites. There is also a group-wide project to renovate showers, rest rooms, dressing-rooms any instances of such activity in a and canteens, and we implemented manner that is consistent with the a global process for responding to medical emergencies.

Employee relations

We believe in open and continuous dialogue with our employees. Our employee relations policy, together with our guidelines on good practice and training, ensure that our processes are implemented across the business in a consistent manner. We have completed employee relations diagnostics at key sites where groups of management and employee representatives monitor the implementation of relevant policies together.

We make every effort to communicate openly and regularly with our employees, both formally and informally. 2011 was a particularly challenging year for the company, and the changes we needed to make in the business had a significant impact on many employees, with some sites being temporarily idled and others applying part-time working practices. Against this context, we have engaged actively with trade unions and employees to maintain dialogue.

ArcelorMittal recognises the right to collective bargaining and approximately 85 per cent of our employees are currently covered by collective bargaining agreements.

Human rights in the workplace

Our human rights policy is partly derived from The International Labour Organisation's (ILO) Declaration of Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, which is also reflected in our employee relations policy.

In addition to promoting freedom of association, eliminating unlawful discrimination, harassment and violence, providing competitive compensation and remuneration and upholding conditions for employment, we conduct assessments to identify where in our operations or supply chain there

labour and are committed to working with subcontractors and suppliers to prevent and remove best interests of the child. Any report of child labour will be investigated and acted upon immediately. In 2011 no such rights impact assessments have identified areas where we have to be vigilant to detect any forms of human trafficking or other forms of bonded labour. This is particularly important in new projects or major construction activity where our subcontractors may employ low skilled workers. We are developing

Employee engagement

such activity from occurring.

operational quidance to prevent

We want to create a working environment founded on mutual trust and respect, where people feel valued and believe their opinions and feedback matter.

may be instances of child, forced or As part of this, we conduct survey) every two years, to assess the mood and morale within the company, and identify in duration areas where we can improve.

The latest climate survey was in 2011, and attracted nearly 16,000 responses from the target group of 25,000 employees across the claims were made. Our initial human company. The overall favourability score was 63 per cent. This measured areas such as understanding of company values, organisational direction, professional development and leadership within the job. Our highest scores were in the understanding of, and commitment to, our health and safety objectives, and the company's values. On the other hand, some felt the company could do more to retain its best talent, to assist them in their professional development, and ensure that the opportunities for career advancement are more consistent across the group. These areas are being addressed through site-level improvement plans.

Number of strikes exceeding 1 week

2011		8
2010	2	
2009	2	

Case study: Grievance mechanisms

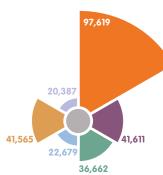
We have various grievance

mechanisms and whistleblowing systems in place, to allow employees or other stakeholders to raise grievances or issues. These might relate to possible misconduct that is related to fraud and corruption, or to potential breaches of our human rights or other policies. Employees can also raise issues via their trade union or employee representative. For example, at ArcelorMittal Ostrava, Czech Republic, people can use the "CEO line" to raise questions or express concerns they may have. In 2011, 81 questions were submitted to and addressed by the CEO Office. At ArcelorMittal Zenica, Bosnia and Herzegovia, a similar grievance mechanism is available for both community members and employees. The email address and telephone number are advertised weekly on local television, as well as at the plant. In 2011, 63 cases were

reported and dealt with.



Number of employees¹ at December 31, 2011



00,002	
Segment	Tota
► EU27 ²	97,619
▶ Other European countries³	41,611
► North America	36,662
➤ South America	22,679
► Asia	41,565
Middle East and Africa	20,387
Total	260,523

1 Full Time Equivalent.

2 EU27 includes Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxemboura Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden and the United Kingdom.

3 Other European countries include Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Macedonia, Norway, Russia, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine.

For further information including all available policies and other relevant Arcelor Mittal documents, see



Doctor at Kriviy Rih

addiction in Argentina

Case study: Action on



Our plant at Acindar, Argentina has been given a special award by the American Chamber of Commerce for its addiction prevention programme. The programme is available to all employees and covers drug, alcohol and tobacco dependencies The alcohol element of the programme is designed to detect and treat serious drinking problems, especially those that might have an impact on safety at work. Annually around 8,000 tests are carried out with employees and contractors, and a social worker is on hand to provide support to those diagnosed with a dependency. There are also special outreach activities to help employees and contractors support their teenage children in understanding addiction, and helping to avoid the problems it brings.

Case study: Improved health care facilities in Trinidad and Tobago



The new centre boasts, among other things, a fully equipped emergency room, a 24-hour ambulance service, welland materials, a physiotherapy unit, run by a dedicated, full-time physiotherapist, a all with state-of-the-art facilities and technology.

www.arcelormittal.com

Training hours

Top company for Leaders

In November 2011, ArcelorMittal was ranked 4th in the 'Top Companies for Leaders' ranking in Europe.

and ready to occupy key positions within the leadership of the company. The process includes twice-yearly performance reviews, programmes that are linked to informal coaching, and ongoing feedback sessions from each manager to foster an individual's career development. Core to this is the setting of clear objectives, but also discussing the development and career aspirations of the individual. Over 4,000 people took part in this process in 2011.

The ArcelorMittal University

The ArcelorMittal University is the main source for development within ArcelorMittal that encourages employees to improve personal, functional and technical skills suited to develop their competencies. Furthermore, the University opens doors to individual career development across ArcelorMittal.

The mission of the University is to help ArcelorMittal employees to 'Learn-Grow-Connect' in today's dynamic business world.

Training and development

investments in training and we

want our people to fulfil their

opportunity to develop their

skills, so they can make the

best possible contribution to

the success of the company.

We are proud that in November

2011, Arcelor Mittal was ranked

fourth in the Top Companies for

Leaders ranking in Europe. This

benchmark is conducted by the

human resources consultancy,

Aon Hewitt, in partnership with

the US weekly business magazine,

Fortune, and The RBL Group. As a

first-time entrant to the survey,

we competed with 60 other large

European corporations and were

judged on the strength of our

performance and reputation.

Programme (GEDP) is the

managing the performance.

leadership practices and culture,

our leadership development, and

Our Global Employee Development

and the foundation for delivering

of our employees. Its focus is to

raise competence levels in the

organisation and ensure that we

have a pipeline of talent developed

lasting improvement by effectively

potential and have the

We continue to make significant 'Learn' refers to skills development 'Grow' links to releasing personal potential and building organisational capability, and 'Connect' refers to the opportunity the University provides to share good practices, explore new ideas, build personal networks and interact both with ArcelorMittal's senior leaders and leading practitioners from outside the company.

> In 2011, Arcelor Mittal University opened three new campuses in South Africa, Czech Republic and Spain.

The University offers a diverse choice of leadership, management, functional, technical and bespoke programmes to employees across the company, encouraging lifelong learning and enabling professional progression. There are 11 functional academies dedicated to specific functions: steel, human resources, health and safety, purchasing, IT, sales and marketing, finance, internal assurance, risk, legal, and cornerstone of our people strategy research and development. These academies are designed to raise the skill sets, capabilities and competencies within the different potential, development and careers functions of ArcelorMittal. The courses are offered in person or online, using available resources of digital and social media.

The University continues to support the business with the design and delivery of customised training overall organisational needs. For instance, some of the bespoke programmes like the Project Leaders, Career Accelerator, Finance Future Leaders programmes and Finance Leadership & Growth (FLAG), are linked to enhancing capabilities of our talents and future leaders to take up strategic positions in the organisation when needed.

In 2011, 23,300 people took part in the University's courses that resulted in 358,000 man-hours of training delivered, down from 403,000 man-hours in 2010. ArcelorMittal University training hours have decreased compared to 2010 due to the change of provider for our online language training, and the resulting reduction in online language training hours.

In 2011, many trainings were also delivered locally, through our expanding network of local and regional training centres and campuses. We continue to share good practices from our local centres and apply the learning at group level through our Learning Council. In South Africa, for instance, we have virtual classrooms which can offer real-time and video-streamed training to different sites across the country simultaneously, and we are now exploring how we can use the same technology to link training centres worldwide and share good practices from established sites to new mining operations in Liberia and Canada.

The University received an Excellence in Practice Award from the European Foundation for Management Development in October 2011, thus showcasing ArcelorMittal University programmes to the top business schools and the corporate universities of the world's top 500 global companies.

Looking ahead, a new Mining Academy is being established to provide targeted technical training for employees in our mining operations, and ensure that best practice is shared between our established and new operations.

Promoting diversity

We are proud of the fact that we have an extraordinarily culturally programmes to support these diverse workforce, with operations in more than 60 countries, and employees from many more. All of these people come together as one company, with a shared sense of purpose.

ArcelorMittal prizes diversity, and is committed to value everyone fairly according to their talent and commitment, not their age, race, gender, background, physical impairment, sexuality, or religion. This belief is promoted through our international mobility programme that promotes internal candidates for roles overseas. Within our population of managers, we have over 50 nationalities alone.

We want to be sensitive to local customs and in addition to obeying the employment laws in the markets where we operate, we also have our two Group Management own policies in place on diversity and inclusion, and will not tolerate harassment or prejudice in the

workplace, wherever we are in the Various initiatives are now world. We are now in the process of developing more comprehensive reality, ranging from leadership

One example is our work on gender diversity and inclusion. Two of our ten board of directors are women, and 10 per cent of our managers are female. We recognise that this is lower than in other international businesses in other industries. We firmly believe that a more diverse workforce will ensure that we are maximising the talent and skills within the organisation. Arcelor Mittal's Group Management Board has fully committed itself towards creating and maintaining a gender diverse and inclusive climate within the group, and in 2011 a steering committee consisting of five women and five men was created as a first step in our journey towards this goal. Its members include senior executives from across the business, including Board members.

under way to help make this a development programmes, to mentoring, to ensuring that we offer a positive approach to work-life balance, as well as developing key performance indicators to measure progress

We also work actively with community groups around the world, supporting many projects that help people with disabilities or other disadvantages to find



"Diversity is all about unlocking the best talent and ensuring the company benefits from a diverse range of skills and experience. We have some first-class women at ArcelorMittal and we want to ensure they have the opportunity to contribute to the company performance."

Nicola Davidson Vice president, Communications, Co-chair

of the gender diversity committee



University is situated in Luxembourg.



Our training and talent management programmes helped us rank fourth in Aon's 'Top Companies for Leaders' benchmarking.



Makina steel	I more sustain	able — 2011	progress a	t a alance

	Our commitments	Our progress	Next steps
Climate change	Develop products that support a low-carbon and sustainable world.	\$306 million spent on research and development.	Continue to improve the environmental performance of our production processes
	Reduce our CO_2 emissions from steel production by 8 per cent per tonne of steel, from the baseline of 2007.	2.09 tonnes of CO ₂ emissions per tonne of steel produced.	Continue our research into breakthrough technologies that could significantly reduce the carbon emissions from steel making.
		Continue to develop new steel products for automotive, construction and other sectors to help customers and end users reduce their CO_2 emissions.	
Energy Improve the energy efficiency of our site through the deployment of good practic and strategic investments in energy-efficient processes and environmental capital expenditure.	Improve the energy efficiency of our sites through the deployment of good practices	The deployment of energy-efficiency good practices at 45 sites.	Continue the sharing of good practices in energy management between our plants.
	and strategic investments in energy- efficient processes and environmental	Environmental capital expenditure of \$329 million.	3
Water and biodiversity	Develop a methodology for the assessment of water usage.	Methodology implemented in a number of facilities leading to the identification of, and implementation of, opportunities for reducing water usage.	Continue to implement the methodology at the facilities with the highest potential for reduction of water usage.
Management systems	Having all our sites ISO 14001 certified.	ISO 14001 certification at 98 per cent of our steel plants.	Continue to implement and maintain our ISO 14001 certifications.
United Nations Glo This section covers 7		Global Reporting Initiative This section addresses in full, or in part, the follow Economic performance Environmental performance: materials, energy, v Social performance: society – community	

For the complete GRI reference table please see our website

furnaces worldwide. Experts can share ideas and practices in real time and are able to quickly identify that anticipate the rising solutions to any potential issues. We estimate this system will result in \$20 million annual cost savings.

The product development groups are organised by market segment so that each new innovation meets the needs of our customers. Representatives of the business that define research and customer locations, engaged in design work and materials selection. ShieldArceo, which has been

In the automotive segment, for example, the emphasis is on developing steel grades that will achieve the optimum trade-off between weight, comfort, safety, cost and durability. For the packaging The Protea™ building construction industry, the key priorities include flexibility, recyclability, ecological design and waste prevention. The manufacturers of domestic appliances are aiming to cut costs, enhance design, and improve their environmental performance; while construction companies look to steel components to help them speed up the building process and improve energy efficiency, environmental performance, safety, and durability.

We have a strong track record in innovation. In addition to S-in motion® described on page 11, we have brought a number of industry-leading initiatives to the market:

Histar® is a high-strength steel

that offers a groundbreaking combination of strength. weldability and toughness even at low temperatures. It enables users to reduce significantly the weight of steel columns and beams compared to conventional steel, allowing the construction industry to build light and economical structures that are both safe and sustainable. Histar® has been an integral part of the construction of iconic high-rise buildings like the Diamond of Istanbul, the Federation tower in Moscow, the Colgate Center in Jersey City, and the Freedom Tower in New York.

Nature is a collection of sustainable, organic coated steels environmental demand in the building industry. The range is the result of ten years of research and collaboration with suppliers and scientific partners.

Ekinoxe® solar panels are the next generation development from our Arsolar™ range, and provide double units chair the multiple committees the power per square metre. Other new innovations for the development priorities and allocate construction market include new resources. Many of our scientists are roofing materials that convert solar located not in our laboratories but at rays into direct current electricity.

> designed for heat reflection and thus reducing heat transfer to the environment, is helping our customers produce more energy efficient appliances.

system has been developed with the needs of emerging markets in mind. It is affordable, quick to assemble, and the use of steel instead of concrete minimises the water needed during construction, and cuts CO₂ emissions.



Arcorox® is a special grade of structural steel designed for buildings and bridges. Its chemical composition is such that it does not require additional corrosion protection, so no additional substances need to be applied to it, either during construction, or as part of ongoing maintenance.



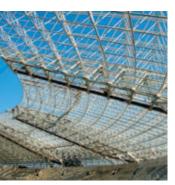
AMLoCor™ is a specialised steel which is highly resistant to corrosion in seawater, so it can be used to build durable quay walls, breakwaters, and jetties in ports. It allows engineers to design safe, lighter and cost-effective structures that meet the durability requirements.

"ArcelorMittal's steels are attractive because they are more durable and since they already have organic coating, we save construction time."

Sergio Baragaño, baragaño, Spain Customer

R&D spend

In 2011 ArcelorMittal spent \$306 million on research and development



An example of an application of the HISTAR® beams, Baku stadium, Azerbaijan.

Product design

In 2011 we invested \$306 million in research and development and we have maintained that level of spend despite the economic slowdown, because we believe innovation will drive our future success and support our customers in their sustainability goals. We have 11 research centres in seven countries and over 1,300 researchers working in active collaboration with our customers, and with academics at leading universities specialising in fields of metallurgy, metal forming and steel construction.

Research and development at ArcelorMittal focuses both on new product development and process improvement. The process improvement teams focus on finding more efficient ways of running our operations, so that we can improve productivity and at the same time use fewer resources, generate less waste and cut production costs. A key achievement in 2011 was the implementation of a Remote, Monitoring, Diagnostic and Standardisation (RMDS) system. This web-based system allows our specialists remote access to over 500 real-time data points at our blast furnaces and electric arc

\$329m

Environmental and energy capital expenditure of \$329 million in 2011.

Tackling climate change

We are committed to reduce our CO₂ emissions per tonne of steel produced by 8 per cent by 2020 using our emissions baseline of 2007. This will entail cutting our emissions by 170 kg per tonne of steel to one of the lowest levels in the industry.

This is a demanding target that we aim to achieve through process improvement to increase energy efficiency. In 2011, CO., emissions from our steel operations were 2.09, compared to 2.15 tonnes of CO₂ per tonne of steel produced ETS allowances. During 2011, in 2010.

Today's lighter, stronger steels can be used to make products and components that are more energy-efficient, and the steel after use. Over 85 per cent of the world's steel produced is recycled. ArcelorMittal recycles the most steel in the world, reusing more than 30 million tonnes of scrap steel at our plants each year. This saves approximately 40 million tonnes of CO, annually. Our life cycle assessment team was awarded the 'Life Cycle

Assessment Leadership' Steely award by the World Steel Association in October 2011. This recognises Arcelor Mittal's work on steel recyclability, and its application of life cycle analysis techniques to the development of more sustainable steel products.

We are a leading member of the Ultra-Low CO, Steelmaking initiative (ULCOS). The programme is now in its second phase, which will include a demonstration project involving the recycling of blast furnace gases and carbon capture and storage at an operation in France, and a smaller project in Germany.

We also engage actively with international bodies, to ensure that the debate on issues such as 'carbon cap and trade' schemes is balanced and well informed. There is still a widespread misunderstanding about the contribution steel can make to the sustainability agenda – the complete recyclability of steel is still not fully factored into many environmental standards or CO. reduction targets, which means, for example, that some environmental labelling is misleading.

We continue to work with policymakers to ensure effective implementation of the European Union Emissions Trading Scheme while safeguarding competitiveness and achieving a lower carbon economy. Unfortunately, economic conditions in Europe remained challenging in 2011. As a result not all of our operations were running at full capacity, which led to a temporary excess in ArcelorMittal sold five million tonnes of excess allowances to the market for €71 million, which will be entirely used to fund energy efficiency projects.

itself can be 100 per cent recycled We have continued to participate in the Carbon Disclosure Project in 2011. This project collates the environmental and carbon performance of over 6.000 of the world's largest companies annually, on behalf of over 500 financial institutions. The ArcelorMittal disclosure can be found at www.cdpproject.net

CARBON DISCLOSURE PROJECT

Case study: Blast furnace gas recycled as fuel at Temirtau

At the Arcelor Mittal Temirtau plant in Kazakhstan a new \$18.1 million boiler station project is nearing completion. The new boiler station will improve the utilisation level of blast furnace gas (from 70 per cent to 85 per cent), reduce carbon emissions and improve the reliability of the heat supply system for the city of Temirtau and the plant.

About 70 per cent of the blast furnace gas at the plant is recycled for technological needs. The remainder of the gas is burned in flares.

In the new boiler station, five waste-heat boilers will be installed to use an additional 15 per cent of the blast furnace gas as the fuel to produce steam. Each boiler has the capacity to produce 30 tonnes of low pressure steam per hour, which will be used as part of the coke and by-product process, as well as for the technological needs of the blast furnace shop and hot rolling mills. The operation of the new boiler station will also allow the thermal power plant and turbo blower station to send the released energy to the heat supply system of the city of Temirtau and the plant.

It is anticipated that carbon emissions will be reduced through the saving of solid fuels and by maintaining a more stable operation of the plant, especially during the winter.

Director of Environment Protection at ArcelorMittal Temirtau, Victor Kober, commented, "One of our priorities is environmental safety. We are looking for ways to minimise the negative impact. The blast furnace gas utilisation project will allow us to reduce emissions and to use the blast furnace gas, which previously was burned in the flares, for production needs."

Energy efficiency helps reduce emissions both directly, at our plants, practices. We are also looking at and indirectly by reducing the demand wider measures to improve our for electricity. Our environmental and performance in this area, and will energy-related capital expenditure start implementation in 2012. was \$329 million in 2011, compared with \$339 million in 2010. This level of investment is supported by the active sharing of good practices in this area. Arcelor Mittal USA has across all our sites, expert input from won an Energy Star award from our research and development teams, the US Environmental Protection efficient companies, both in our

We systematically identify and

first three which have been fully developed show the potential to save \$200 million annually by that date, which is the equivalent of 1.6 million tonnes of CO₂ a year. An area of particular focus for us is implementing 24 energy-efficiency costs reduce significantly. what is known as technical energy projects over a two-year period.

sector and in industry as a whole.

roadmaps' out to 2020, and the

All our operating sites are

preparing their own 'energy

efficiency – in other words, the

efficiencies that can be achieved by For example, the Steelton plant

In 2011, we have doubled the implement energy reducing projects. number of sites where we have deployed energy efficiency good

Harbor leveraged funding from the US government to initiate a Some of our operations are already delivering world class performance \$63 million energy recovery project, which will create 360 jobs over an 18-month period. The project enables the plant to burn and a commitment to benchmarking Agency and Department of Energy waste gas from one of the blast our performance against the most every year since 2008, in recognition furnaces in a new boiler which will of its commitment to ongoing generate enough electricity to power 30,000 homes for a year. improvements in this area. All our US plants are covered by the same energy management system, with Our plants at Olaberría, Spain, each integrated plant having its own and Eisenhüttenstadt and Bremen, cross-functional energy team, which Germany, have been leading the way sets the site's energy reduction goals. by becoming the first ArcelorMittal sites to achieve the EN 16001

> As a result the US business has achieved cost savings of more than \$22.7 million every year by

the application of new technology. has cut its energy use by 23 per

CO_a emissions per tonne of steel

2011	2.09
2010	2.15
2009	2.25

40 million tonnes CO

Approximately 40 million tonnes of CO₃ is saved by re-using more than 30 million tonnes of scrap at our plants each year.



standard for energy management.

Companies that achieve this level

of efficiency can see their energy

cent by upgrading some of its

heating equipment; improvements

at Coatesville have saved enough

gas to heat 430 households for a

year, and Cleveland is now saving

88,000 gallons of diesel fuel

annually. The plant at Indiana

tations: when not n use, locomotives plug in to these new external power stations, saving monev in fuel costs and reducing diesel

Assurer's commentary

data for mining sites is not included s footprint. We recommend that as reporting processes are embedded and ned to the rest of the organisation, ncluded in future reporting periods.

The 504 Boiler, on a barge in Buffalo, New York set on its way to a new home at Indiana Harbor in East Chicago, Indiana to help drive greater

energy efficiency.

Environmental performance

We continue to make ongoing improvements in our environmental performance, and our plants are always looking for new ways to minimise our environmental impacts, and make our production processes more efficient by using fewer resources and generating less residues.

98 per cent of our steel production and finishing facilities are now certified to the international ISO 14001 standard for environmental management, and we monitor air, water, energy and residues data at all of our production sites. As part of our environmental management system we look to continuously improve emissions to air. In some instances this also helps to address specific concerns of communities surrounding our plants in terms of

air quality. In 2011, we finalised a new de-dusting system at our plant in Ostrava, Czech Republic which will reduce emissions of dust by 70 per cent, as well as reduce sulphur dioxide. A similar investment was made at the sinter plant of Vanderbijlpark in South Africa which is now being commissioned. The Tubarão plant in Brazil has announced that a new \$3.6 million wind fence system will be installed to reduce dust pollution at the Sol Coqueria coke plant. The Temirtau facility in Kazakhstan is investing significant amounts in emissions reduction and is now developing a project to upgrade the de-dusting of the steel shop converters, which when completed will reduce dust emissions at the steel shop by 99 per cent. In addition, we have a proactive approach to managing the risk of water contamination. We use pollution prevention techniques, which are followed by water treatment where required.

Residues

We understand what a problem landfill waste has become and we are making further advances to reduce the residues we produce, or find productive ways to reuse it. Over 84 per cent of our production residues were reused in 2011, either within our own business or by third parties. Less than 6 per cent of the total was sent to landfill.

In terms of residues reuse, a good example is the project run at our Tubarão facility in Brazil. This production site produces as much as 800,000 tonnes of slaq (a waste product from steel making) every year, but a collaboration between our research and development teams and local universities resulted in such an improvement in the quality of this residue that it can now be used in a number of useful by-products.

We have trademarked two new road-building materials, Revsol™ and Acerita™, and around 200,000 tonnes of slag are also being sold to the cement industry every year.

ArcelorMittal Asturias in Spain

has also undertaken important research and development work to increase the reuse of steel slag both internally and externally. For instance, in 2011, 97,000 tonnes were recycled internally in our production and 64,000 tonnes were reused externally – mostly for road construction. We also provide residue products to the cement industry around the world. Each ton of granulated slag that is recycled in concrete can save up to 750kg of CO₂ for the cement industry.

Water

Steel-making requires water for cooling and processing, and many of our plants are located next to lakes or rivers where water is plentiful, for this reason. We know that these water sources are equally vital to the surrounding communities, and that access to water is becoming a significant issue of concern in many markets where we operate. In response, we are implementing a number of water efficiency programmes.

In 2010, we established a water steering committee and undertook a water survey of 134 of our production sites, using the Global Water Tool developed by the World Business Council for Sustainable Development.

In 2011, we targeted improved water management at plants that use high amounts of water. A case study using best practice analysis of the water flows was successfully developed at our Bremen plant in Germany in 2011, leading to a significant reduction in potable and industrial water usage.

In 2011, our specific water use was 24.1m³ per tonne of steel produced.

Biodiversity

Our operations affect many aspects of the local environments in which we work, which means we have a responsibility to minimise those impacts. Among these responsibilities are biodiversity (natural plants and animals) and ecosystem services (clean soil, water and air resources).

Many of our steel plants and mines are on large stretches of land or close to nature reserves. Wherever possible we work alongside local conservation groups to gain a better understanding of the local ecosystems and how to manage land so as to sustain and enhance natural conditions. Where we have new mining or steel projects, we carry out detailed environmental and social impact assessments that services management in 2012. take into account, among other things, loss or degradation of ecosystems and habitats, impact on local communities, water and soil erosion. For mining projects, the recommendations from such

assessments consider what local measures need to be taken to protect all aspects of the environment both during the mine capital expenditure life and afterwards. These are achieved through environmental management plans for the operational periods and closure plans for subsequent rehabilitation.

In Liberia, for instance, we bring

together local communities, civil society organisations and relevant authorities to develop plans that will both benefit the population and enhance the preservation and promotion of biodiversity and ecosystem services. In other countries we have a number of reforestation projects running alongside our operations, with similar aims. We will further strengthen our approach to biodiversity and ecosystem

Environmental and energy

2011		329
2010		339
2009	216	

ArcelorMittal BioFlorestas, Brazil eucalyptus plantation.

Cutting carbon in charcoal production



Our Brazilian forestry unit ArcelorMittal BioFlorestas manages eucalyptus plantations to provide charcoal for steel making. Using charcoal instead of coke to feed blast furnaces brings cost advantages as well as making steelmaking more sustainable. Eucalyptus trees have good natural properties. They weather and soil conditions in Brazil, and can be cut and allowed to re-grow several times.

The planting schedule ensures that the same number of trees is maintained in the forests at all times. This is a renewable source of energy to heat our blast furnaces, reducing CO₂ emissions per tonne of steel produced. Considering that the total production capacity at Juiz de Fora steel plant is 400,000 tons a year, the tangible benefits of this project are clear. Arcelor Mittal BioFlorestas and the local energy supply company (CEMIG) are planning to use the caloric potential of the waste gas emitted during the production of charcoal to produce as much as 30 megawatts of electricity. Through grow very fast thanks to the good this innovation the charcoal that is being used to produce steel in a sustainable way will also be used to produce electricity.

Case study: Protecting biodiversity in Liberia



Before establishing our iron ore mining operation in Liberia, we conducted a series of long term ecological surveys with the Liberian Forestry Development Authority, Conservation International, Fauna & Flora International, Afrique Nature, the Wild Chimpanzee Foundation and Sylvatrop, as well as a number of leading specialists from other institutions. These studies developed our understanding of the biodiversity of the region and we would". allowed us to assess the ways to mitigate the likely impacts of our operations.

We have been working in partnership with local community groups to implement a biodiversity onservation programme. Our aim s to leave a positive legacy in Nimba, by ensuring that the local environment will be healthier in the future than it was before our project started. The collaboration with local community groups has been a positive experience for everyone involved – as John Howell, environment manager, ArcelorMittal Liberia, says, "By listening to these groups, we discovered that there's a huge part we can play in safeguarding the environment. No one disputed that the iron ore had to be mined – the question was whether we would do it responsibly, and our challenge is to prove that



Acerita™ Yard,

For further information including all available policies and other relevant ArcelorMittal documents, see www.arcelormittal.com

	Our commitments	Our progress	Next steps
Community engagement	All major operations have community engagement plans in place.	Community engagement training workshops for seven countries.	Review and update our community engagement standard and guidance.
		^{KPI} 30 sites developed a community engagement plan.	Continue to monitor site compliance with this standard.
Economic contribution	Making a sustainable contribution to the communities in which we operate.	Launched a new programme of mini-grants to organisations supported by our employees.	Further increase employee involvement in ArcelorMittal Foundation activities.
		\$35 million of community investment through 588 ArcelorMittal Foundation projects across the world.	
United Nations G This section covers	lobal Compact s principles 1-2 on human rights.	Global Reporting Initiative This section addresses in full, or in part, the following GRI indicator aspects: Economic performance Indirect economic impacts Social performance: human rights; society - community	
		For the complete GRI reference table please se	e our website.

Economic contribution

In 2011, our worldwide total estimated indirect economic contribution was \$76 billion, which includes tax payments, in ArcelorMittal Foundation activities, and expenditure on research and development.

Our company tax policy sets the standard for honouring our tax obligations in all countries where we operate. In 2011, we made total tax contributions to the value of \$1.78 billion.

As one of the world's biggest buyers engagement standard, that we of goods and services, we believe we can leverage our position to promote social, environmental and chain. This includes involving our strategic suppliers investing in developing countries where we operate. For more information on how we are implementing our code for responsible sourcing, please see page 21.

Community engagement

Wherever we operate, we aim to contribute to the development of strong and sustainable communities. We conduct local payments to suppliers, investment assessments to define the key areas for engagement that help us to assign our resources and identify new issues for management.

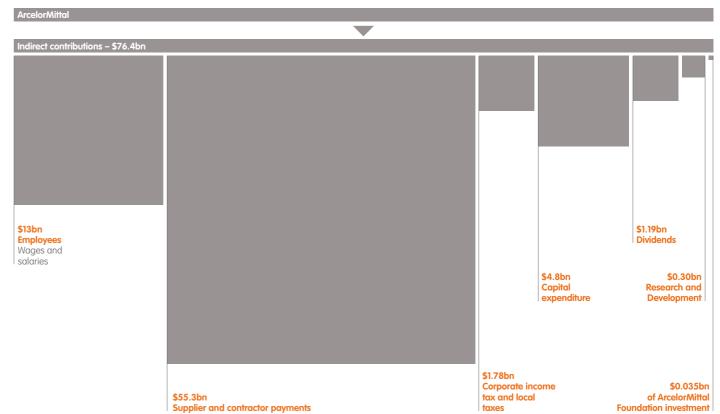
Our relationship with communities is important to us. We have a detailed external stakeholder engagement procedure (updated in January 2012), previously called the Arcelor Mittal community expect all our sites to follow. Every major production site must identify their key stakeholders, their main ethical standards through our supply issues of concern, and then devise a plan to engage with them. Each major operation must also set up a grievance mechanism, so that local people can raise concerns, and be confident that they will be addressed. The ArcelorMittal group corporate responsibility team supports local operations to implement the

30 ArcelorMittal units developed community engagement plans in 2011

Assurer's commentary

celorMittal have an estab keholder engagement for all sites. We Icome the review and update of the hancement to current practices. We om stakeholder engagement is anagement decision making to a

ArcelorMittal's 2011 estimated economic contribution





ArcelorMittal Foundation, community development project, Czech Republic. A project to make toys to be donated to childre in hospitals.

"ArcelorMittal's 'Safer Communities' support goes beyond financial donations. Their employees volunteer, donate blood, and serve as first responders to disasters and helping to reach underserved communities. We are grateful for their partnership."

ArcelorMittal

education project,

of Peace Festival.

Herzegovina. Bridge

Foundation

Bosnia and

Russ Paulsen

Executive Director, Community Preparedness and Resilience, American Red Cross

procedure by publishing quidance on international good practice, and by sharing knowledge across our internal network of corporate responsibility coordinators. In 2011, we held community engagement training workshops for participants from Bosnia and Herzegovina, Macedonia, Poland, Romania, Russia, Ukraine and Kazakhstan. For more information on our stakeholder engagement, please see pages 14-17.

In 2011, 30 community engagements plans were produced covering all major Arcelor Mittal operations. These plans are typically developed through a number of stakeholder engagement meetings.

Human rights in the community

How ArcelorMittal

supports emergency

The ArcelorMittal Foundation,

through the USA, offered a

financial contribution to the

Japanese Red Cross to support

the country after the earthquake

and tsunami in March 2011. The

funds provided medical care and

employees to make contributions

relief assistance to the people

affected. The Foundation also

encouraged ArcelorMittal

Four of the 12 policy aspects covered by the ArcelorMittal human rights policy relate to our communities – ranging from topics such as access to land and water to resettlement.

ArcelorMittal seeks to avoid involuntary resettlements. In situations where it is unavoidable, we commit to comply with the national or relevant regional authorities' guidelines on resettlement and compensation and also act in line with international human rights norms. All resettlement activity is preceded by stakeholder consultation, to understand and inform how it could be done in a manner that would best benefit those affected and offer them a better quality of life as a result.

through the Japanese Red Cross. In 2011, our main activity in this regard was in Liberia, where we compensated 362 people for loss of crops. Our ongoing efforts focus on mitigating impacts from resettlement and in developing alternative livelihoods for local affected people. In addition, we are developing a community contract with local communities to support a much bigger land area to promote the sustainable management of local forests and to support wildlife restoration. In Liberia a mine resettlement coordination committee and a local redress grievance committee composed of ArcelorMittal representatives, local authority, civil society and community representatives have

been set up to engage in dialogue with affected persons and to manage any grievances. More details about our environmental and social impact assessment in Liberia can be found at www.arcelormittal.com

Our human rights policy asserts our commitment to respect Indigenous Peoples' Rights. Currently our engagement centres around the Baffinland Project in the Arctic in Northern Canada, where we are preparing for a future mining project. The policy also requires us to develop practices for land and water use in reference to human rights concerns. Thus we aim to include human rights elements in our future environmental and social action plans wherever possible.

Arcelor/Mittal Foundation

The ArcelorMittal Foundation was set up in 2007 to be a channel for the company's community investment activities. It concentrates its work on the communities across the world where ArcelorMittal has a major presence, with the aim of making a positive contribution to the social and economic development of the areas around our operating sites. Some of these projects are part of a worldwide programme covering many countries; others are standalone initiatives run at a local level.

In each case, the Foundation focuses on the three key areas of education, health and community development, and in addition offers emergency aid to victims of natural disasters. In its three key areas the Foundation prioritises support for projects that will benefit a significant number of people, and has specific objectives that can be effectively managed and monitored.

In the five years since the Foundation was set up, over \$200 million has been invested in community projects across the world. In 2011, it supported 588 projects with over \$35 million.

In this section we outline some of the most significant projects currently under way.

Education initiatives include support for youth entrepreneurship in Argentina, music lessons for over 100 deprived children in Brazil, cultural centres for 600 children in

Kazakhstan, and free language teaching in Ukraine. Arcelor Mittal also invested in the establishment and running of three science centres countries as diverse as Argentina, for students in South Africa, and is in the process of rebuilding ten schools over a seven-year period, employing all its skills in state-ofthe-art steel construction to make earthquake since 2010. Another the buildings energy-efficient and environmentally-friendly. The Foundation also supports our three International Baccalaureate schools in Liberia, benefiting over 1,000 children. In 2011, a group of Republic, Poland and Romania. Arcelor Mittal volunteers, through the Foundation's Solidarity Holidays Another priority for the Foundation Programme, helped to build a new school for the Makinto village in Liberia.

In the area of health, projects range from supplying equipment to a centre for disabled people in Algeria, to an educational programme great example is the Solidarity for pregnant women in Romania, to supporting Sightsavers in India, which has allowed it to provide eve examinations and cataract operations for people in Odisha. ArcelorMittal has also renovated two hospitals in the municipalities of Yekepa and Buchanan, in Liberia. These facilities are open to our own employees, their families, as well as people living nearby. Around 12,000 people receive care and treatment at these hospitals every year. The Foundation has supported mobile health camps in Senegal for the last four years, offering essential medical care for people living in remote rural areas who otherwise have no access to healthcare.

Community development work varies according to the needs of different communities. In the USA and Canada, for example. the Foundation has a partnership with the American Red Cross to promote health and safety at work and at home. While in India, help is being given to three schools in Jharkhand that give free technical training to unemployed young people. The Foundation also supports a drug and alcohol rehabilitation project in Belgium and a housing programme for young homeless people in Canada.

One of the Foundation's most notable global projects is its partnership with Habitat for Humanity. This collaboration dates back to 2008 and works to help families living in poverty to afford their own home. ArcelorMittal Foundation helps Habitat for Humanity by providing steel for the construction of low-cost

housing, as well as its expertise in volunteers built six houses in one construction techniques. Over 500 week, and one in South Africa, which families have been housed so far, in was built by a group of international Costa Rica, Macedonia, Mexico, Romania and South Africa. Over 2,000 shelters have been provided in the aftermath of the Haiti significant global project for 2011 was the support given to the programme in schools in the Czech small grants to organisations in

is to encourage and facilitate volunteering by employees. Every December the company celebrates its International Volunteer Work Day, with thousands of ArcelorMittal employees giving their time to help their own communities. Another Holiday programme that brings together teams from across the company to work on an Arcelor Mittal Foundation project. Ten such projects were run in 2011, including a Habitat for Humanity programme in Haiti, during which 12 ArcelorMittal

volunteers and 120 local employees to build eight new homes in seven days.

The Foundation also supports

community organisations in which our employees are volunteering by offering them 'mini-grants'. A pilot programme was run in 2010, with the Czech Republic, Belgium, and Luxembourg. It was so successful that it is now available across the world. 73 grants were made to groups from 17 countries in 2011, including a Czech organisation that Number of local works with children and a charity in **community projects** Luxembourg called Mowglis, which supported by organises activities for people that are physically disabled or have learning difficulties.

"What makes the Foundation's initiatives even more unique is that they not only benefit communities, but also bring value to our employees and help to foster a sense of belonaina."

Lakshmi N Mittal Chairman and CEO

ArcelorMittal Foundation

2011	588
2010	585
2009	550







ArcelorMittal Foundation health project Brazil. "Digna Idade", a project to enhance quality of life for the community's



olunteer Brazil

For further information including all available policies and other relevant ArcelorMittal documents, see www.arcelormittal.com

Data table

	Indicator	Value	Progress		
			2009	2010	2011
Group	Sales	\$ (million)	61,021	78,025	93,973
	Net income	\$ (million)	157	2,916	2,263
	Basic Earnings per share	\$	0.11	1.93	1.46
	Crude steel production	liquid steel in thousand tonnes	71,620	90,582	91,891
	Steel shipped	tonnes (million)	69.6	85.0	85.8
	Own coal production	tonnes (million)	7.1	7.0	8.3
	Own iron ore production	tonnes (million)	37.7	48.9	54.1
	Number of employees		270,568	262,832	260,523
Transparent governance	Cumulative % of employees completed code of business conduct training ¹	Cumulative %	92	90	80
	Cumulative % of employees completed anti-corruption training ¹	Cumulative %	n/a	94	94
	Number of operations with a local confidential whistleblowing system		21	21	21
	Number of Board self-assessments ²		1	1	1
Investing in our people	Fatalities – total		36	40	27
	Fatalities – steel		24	32	20
	Fatalities – mining		12	8	7
	Lost-Time Injury Rate – total (employees and contractors)	per million hours worked	1.87	1.77	1.42
	Lost-Time Injury Rate – mining (employees and contractors)	per million hours worked	2.42	1.53	1.17
	Lost-Time Injury Rate – steel (employees and contractors)	per million hours worked	1.79	1.80	1.46
	Industrial operations, including mines, certified to OHSAS 18001	%	45	63	89
	Absenteeism rate ³				
	Mines	%	n/a	3.36	3.42
	Steel	%	n/a	3.17	2.94
	% of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements	%	85	85	85
	% of man-days lost to labour disputes	%	0.11	0.14	0.10
	Number of formal consultations with the European Works Council		29	34	35
	Number of strikes exceeding one week in duration		2	2	8
	Training hours ⁴		314,520	403,280	358,214

Data table

	Indicator	Value	Progress		
			2009	2010	2011
Making	Research and development spend	\$ (million)	253	322	306
steel more sustainable	Environmental and energy capital expenditure	\$ (million)	216	339	329
	Industrial operations certified to ISO 14001 (steel only)	%	93	95	98
-	Primary energy consumption (steel only) ⁵	GJ/t liquid steel	19	18.8	18.9
-	Total CO ₂ emissions (steel only)	million tonnes	164	199	193
	CO ₂ emissions per tonne of steel	tonnes	2.25	2.15	2.09*
-	NOx (steel only)	tonnes	117,093	120,300	108,754
-	SO ₂ (steel only)	tonnes	202,926	216,747	193,724
-	Steel recycled	million tonnes	26	33	32
	CO ₂ saved from steel recycled	million tonnes	34	42	41
-	Water consumption per tonne of steel	m³	26.6	26.1	24.1
	Residue re-use rate (steel only) ⁵	%	86	80	84
	Residue to landfill (steel only) ⁵	%	7	9	6
	Raw materials used by weight				
_	Iron Ore	million tonnes	89.4	114.9	110.6
	Pulverised Coal Injection (PCI) and Coal	million tonnes	36.3	44.3	44.8
	Coke	million tonnes	26.3	29.3	29.1
	Scrap and Direct Reduced Iron (DRI)	million tonnes	29.6	38.7	38.9
Lini icining oui	Number of community engagement plans		2	10	30
communities	Number of local community projects supported by ArcelorMittal Foundation		550	585	588
-	Employee volunteering ⁶	hours	n/a	12,000	37,311
-	Community investment spend through ArcelorMittal Foundation	\$ million	31.3	37.7	35.0
	Estimated economic contribution ⁷	\$ billion	48.5	73.6	76.4

- Owing to the spin-off of the stainless steel operations into a separate listed company, Aperam, on January 25, 2011, 2009 and 2010 data have been adjusted accordingly, where appropriate and feasible

 1 Employees are required to undertake code of business conduct and anti-corruption training every three years. The number reported for the year, is the number of employees who have valid training at the end of the period. The anti-corruption training was launched in 2010.

 2 The board self-assessment takes place at the level of the board of directors of the ArcelorMittal group's parent company.

 3 Absenteeism % = Total illness leave time (up to maximum of six months per case)/ hours to be worked. This data was not collected at group level in 2009.

 4 Training hours is the number of full time employee training hours at the ArcelorMittal University only. This excludes health and safety training and local, formal and on-the-job training.

 5 Previously estimated 2010 data has been updated for actual data.

 6 In 2011, this comprises the volunteer hours for international Volunteer Work Day and the solidarity holidays project. In 2010, this comprised international Volunteer Work Day only. This data was not collected at group level in 2009.

 7 Estimated economic contribution includes wages and salaries, supplier payments, capital expenditure, research and development spend, corporate income tax and local taxes and shareholder dividends.
- * CO_2 data for 2011 has been externally assured by Deloitte LLP. See page 40 for the independent assurance statement.

Independent assurance statement

Independent assurance statement by Deloitte LLP ('Deloitte') to ArcelorMittal S.A. ('ArcelorMittal') on the Corporate Responsibility Report 2011 ('Report') for the year ended 31 December 2011.

What we looked at: scope of our work

ArcelorMittal has engaged us to give assurance on:

Limited assurance on the following subject matters:

- AA1000 assurance: managing and reporting corporate responsibility performance – Arcelor Mittal's description, on page 2 of the Corporate Responsibility Report 2011 (the 'Report'), on application of AA1000 using the principles of:
 - Inclusivity how they identified and engaged with stakeholders to gain a full understanding of issues;
 - Materiality how they assessed the relative importance of each issue; and
 - Responsiveness how they responded to stakeholder issues and how this is reflected in the Report as set out in the AA1000 AccountAbility Principles Standard (AA1000 APS 2008).
- Selected corporate responsibility performance data for the year ended 31 December 2011. The assured data, CO, emissions per tonne of steel, appears in the Report on page 39 and is indicated by the * symbol.
- 3. GRI assurance: using the Global Reporting Initiative 2006 Sustainability Reporting Guidelines ('the GRI guidelines') in preparing the Report Arcelor/Mittal's declaration on the webpage http://www.arcelormittal.com/corp/corporate-responsibility/publications-and-reports/griindex that it has applied the GRI guidelines at level 'B+' in preparing the Report.

What we found: our assurance opinions

Limited assurance conclusion:

Based on the work we performed, we are not aware of anything that causes us to believe that:

- ArcelorMittal's description on page 2 of the Report of its alignment to the AA1000 APS principles of inclusivity, materiality and responsiveness in reporting its performance for 2011 is materially misstated.
- 2. The corporate responsibility performance data, shown on page 39 of the Report, indicated by the * symbol is materially misstated.
- ArcelorMittal's declaration on webpage http://www.arcelormittal.com/corp/ corporate-responsibility/publicationsand-reports/gri-index that it has applied the GRI guidelines at level B+ is materially misstated.

Observations and recommendations

Arcelor Mittal has made the following key improvements in managing and reporting its corporate responsibility performance during 2011:

- The site level corporate responsibility network strengthened during 2011, meeting a number of times, both in person and virtually, to share good practices between sites and understand the tools and expertise available from the corporate team.
- ArcelorMittal has an established stakeholder engagement process at group and site level that mandates proactive stakeholder engagement for all sites. We also welcome the review and update of the community engagement standard as an enhancement to current practices.
- In addition to weekly Group Management Board meetings, senior management met twice during 2011 to specifically discuss health and safety and outline key steps required to achieve the health and safety programme goal of zero accidents, demonstrating its priority for the business.

To improve future management and reporting of corporate responsibility in accordance with AA1000APS we make the following recommendations to ArcelorMittal:

Inclusivity:

- Information derived from stakeholder engagement is clearly consolidated and documented to inform management decision making to a greater extent.
- Corporate responsibility governance at site level should continue to develop where structures and systems are less mature, to drive local performance against group-wide commitments.

Materiality:

 Sites are currently required to report major risks to group using guidelines to assess their risk profiles. We recommend guidance is further developed to ensure that a greater number of risks, including those related to corporate responsibility such as occupational safety and skills shortages, are systematically captured at a site level to reduce the possibility that significant issues are excluded.

Responsiveness:

- Carbon data for mining sites is not included within the group carbon dioxide (CO₂) emissions footprint. We recommend that as the reporting processes are embedded and aligned to the rest of the organisation, carbon data from these mining sites should be included in future reporting periods.
- ArcelorMittal is a member of global and sector specific initiatives, principles and networks, including the United Nations Global Compact and Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI). In future reporting years we recommend that ArcelorMittal reports further on how these are embedded into strategy and operationalised through its sustainability commitments, internal policies and guidelines.

The above observations have been raised in a report to Arcelor Mittal management. The observations and recommendations have been taken into account in forming our conclusions on the Report as set out in this statement.

What standards we used: basis of our work and level of assurance

We carried out limited assurance on the selected subject matters in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (ISAE 3000). To achieve limited assurance the ISAE 3000 requires that we review the processes, systems and competencies used to compile the areas on which we provide assurance. This is designed to give a similar level of assurance to that obtained in the review of interim financial information. It does not include detailed testing of source data or the operating effectiveness of processes and internal controls.

What we did: our key assurance procedures

To form our conclusions, we undertook the following procedures:

- Analysed and tested on a sample basis the processes related to stakeholder identification and engagement, including review of a sample of engagements and the outcomes of engagement;
- Reviewed the process that ArcelorMittal used to identify and determine material issues to be included within the Report. This included a review of external media coverage and peer reporting on corporate responsibility in 2011 to corroborate issues identified by ArcelorMittal;
- Interviewed a selection of ArcelorMittal executives and senior management who have operational responsibility for corporate responsibility issues, including the ArcelorMittal corporate responsibility team, to understand the governance structures used for managing corporate responsibility, engagement with stakeholders on corporate responsibility issues, as well as implementation of corporate responsibility related policies and initiatives in 2011 and the monitoring of these activities;
- Analysed and reviewed on a sample basis the key structures, systems, processes, procedures and controls relating to the collation, aggregation, validation and reporting processes of the selected corporate responsibility performance indicator:
- Reviewed information and reasoning about the Reports' assertions regarding corporate responsibility performance in 2011;
- Checking that the GRI index, for each of the standard disclosures required by the GRI guidance required at level B+ contains the relevant indicator; and
- Reviewed the content of the Report against the findings of the aforementioned procedures and, as necessary, provided recommendations for improvement.

We have not completed any analysis, testing or review of prior year performance information included within the Report.

Limitations

The process an organisation adopts to define, gather and report data on its non-financial performance is not subject to the formal processes adopted for financial reporting. Therefore data of this nature is subject to variations in definitions, collection and reporting methodology with no consistent, accepted standard. This may result in non-comparable information between organisations and from year to year within an organisation as methodologies develop. To support clarity in this process Arcelor Mittal have developed a Basis of Reporting document for 2011 which defines the scope and method of calculation for CO₂ emissions per tonne of steel, and should be read together with this Report on the webpage http://www. arcelormittal.com/corp/corporate responsibility/publications-and-reports/ reporting-and-assurance

In relation to our work performed on CO₂ emissions per tonne of steel, we note the following specific limitation:

 Our testing did not examine the accuracy of the carbon conversion factors applied at site level.

ArcelorMittal's responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Report and for the information and statements contained within it. They are responsible for determining the corporate responsibility goals, performance and for establishing and maintaining appropriate performance management and internal control systems from which the reported information is derived.

Roles and responsibilities

We complied with Deloitte's independence policies, which address and, in certain cases, exceed the requirements of the International Federation of Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in their role as independent auditors and in particular preclude us from taking financial, commercial, governance and ownership positions which might affect, or be perceived to affect, our independence and impartiality and from any involvement in the preparation of the Report. We have confirmed to Arcelor Mittal that we have maintained our independence and objectivity throughout the year and in particular that there were no events or prohibited services provided which could impair our independence and objectivity.

Our team consisted of a combination of Chartered Accountants with professional assurance qualifications and professionals with a combination of environmental, corporate responsibility and stakeholder engagement experience, including many years' experience in providing corporate responsibility report assurance.

Our responsibility is to independently express a conclusion on the Report as defined within the scope of work above to ArcelorMittal in accordance with our letter of engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to ArcelorMittal those matters we are required to state to them in this statement and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than ArcelorMittal for our work, for this statement, or for the conclusions we have formed.

Deloitte.

Deloitte LLP London, United Kingdom 20 April 2012.